

The Bismarck Tribune.

VOL. IX.

BISMARCK, D. T., FRIDAY DECEMBER 23, 1881.

NO. 29.

THE LOCAL LAY-OUT.

A Thorough Shuffle, Fair Deal, and a Goodly Number of Cranky Players.

Ex-County Commissioner Emmons Comes to the Front Again With a Tirade on "Tax Payer."

Which Same he Believes to be the Deputy Register of Deeds and County Clerk.

A Card Advocating the Organization of a Bismarck Chamber of Commerce.

Church Services at Bly's Mine—To-Night's Christmas Tree—Personal and Local Scraps.

More Ammunition Wasted.

EDITOR TRIBUNE.—Your paper reached my office yesterday with its columns heavily freighted with news and other matter, among which I find a long-winded tirade of insinuations at me, and signed "A Tax Payer." At first I was dazed at the brilliancy of his fire, but as the smoke lifted I gazed upon the grizzled face of the old veteran behind the battery with his mouth about as full of public tests as any individual that walks Dakota. First he is deputy register of deeds; second, deputy county clerk; third, deputy clerk of the court. He answers questions in regard to the probate judge's office. He was for awhile deputy city clerk, and is also clothed in aldermanic robes, and tears often can be seen to start from the corners of his eyes as he looks wistfully at Dame Columbia's voluptuous bosom and wishes for an enlargement of his mouth to make room for another test. He says in his article I take considerable interest in county affairs, especially in relation to expenses, and I will not dispute his word; but in regard to the destitute man whom he alleges weighed one hundred and ninety-five pounds and cut four cords of wood a day while I, as commissioner, paid his board, I call upon him for the name of the person, and the hotel keeper, as it is a fling not only at me but at all the hotel keepers in the city. As to his hint of my representing Painted Woods district the commissioners record shows me to belong to Bismarck. As to the public schools the mothers of the children of Bismarck, are all intelligent enough to know that wise laws foster them. As to my insinuating or conveying the impression that Mr. Mack or any other human being was a pauper, he is entirely wrong, as the mention of the word is hateful to me, and is only used as a brand by tyrants to burn the souls of the victims of misfortune, helpless under their heels. There are too many brilliant names in our country's annals who, from the depths of direst poverty have scaled the topmost round of the ladder of fame, for any American to use the soulless word. As a "Tax Payer" is a new duck used for a decoy will he please state in defense of the present board of commissioners whether they have legally and lawfully advertised for public bids to perform public work about the court house grounds the past year, or whether or not they have advertised for cord wood to be furnished by the lowest bidder, and will he investigate as industriously as he did the bones thrown to the poor and state that it was ten dollars instead of a hundred that Judge Barnes fined the saloon keepers for my efforts in trying to turn the money into the school fund. Now, hoping that another public test will stop the mouth of a tax payer in the next revolution of our county affairs, and wishing him long life and happiness, and having no ammunition to waste in skirmishing after masked ducks, this is the last turn of the "crank" for you Mr. "A Tax Payer."

JAS. A. EMMONS.

Bismarck, Dec. 24, 1881.

Religious Services at Bly's Mine.

Sunday evening, the 14th inst., was an epoch in the history of Bly's mine. Rev. Joseph Tittensour, a worthy member of the M. E. church, of Bismarck, and a local preacher of many years' experience in England, having accepted a situation at the mine, was invited by the manager, Mr. Williams, to preach in his house. Mr. Tittensour willingly complied with the invitation and an appointment was made. The house was well filled with colliers and others, some of whom had been members in the old country and were hungry for the bread of life, and all listened attentively to an earnest discourse from Haggai 1-5. "Consider your

ways." They have decided to hold service every Sunday evening.

Christmas Tree.

The Christmas tree festivities will be held at Methodist church Saturday evening, beginning at half past seven. Parents and friends desiring to have presents placed upon the tree will please hand them into the committee at the church during the day—the earlier the better. A programme of concert exercises by the children has been carefully prepared, and a good time is expected. All are cordially invited.

Board of Trade.

EDITOR TRIBUNE.—Would it not be well for the business men, property holders and citizens deeply interested in the growth and prosperity of the citizens of Bismarck to organize a chamber of Commerce or board of trade. The coming immigration, new railroad projects, city improvements of all kinds, visiting prominent citizens from the east, etc., will need more attention than individual citizens can give, and nothing but concert of action will guarantee success.

J. F. WALLACE.

Bismarck, Dec. 23, 1881.

To-morrow's Races.

There will be fun Saturday at the Bismarck driving park. Arrangements have been made for several races and more horses will doubtless enter this morning. Good sized purses will be gotten up and if any one has a fast horse, he should trot it out. Proctor's pony is supposed to make a record that will surprise the natives. The track is in good shape and will be sprinkled in the morning.

Purely Personal.

Thos. C. Kurtz left for the east yesterday. A. N. Martin, Miletesty; M. J. Griffin and M. F. Way; Fargo, are at the Custer house.

Eight more carpenters to work on the round house, arrived last evening to stoping at the Custer house.

Capt. T. B. Burleigh arrived from Miles City last evening en route for Yankton to spend a month at home.

Capt. J. E. Macklin arrived from the east last evening en route for Glendive, to look after business interests.

I. J. Matton, Fort Stevenson; Wm. J. Hall, Jamestown; J. Kissel, Blue Grass, D. T., are at the Western house.

W. A. Carr, Mandan; W. E. Jones, Burnt Creek; H. G. Brown, St. Paul; J. A. Bell, Little Missouri, and Mrs. Tyrell, Fargo, are at the Merchants.

Washington.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—Commodore Walker, chief of the bureau of navigation and repairs, says the report that the Alaska has been fired upon is false, and that if there had been any foundation for it the navy department would have been so informed long before this. The rumors were reported here by letter, whereas, in his judgment, the naval authorities, if there had been any truth in it, could easily have communicated by telegraph.

GRANTED LEAVE.

Application having been made by a cadet-midshipman at the naval academy for leave of absence during the Christmas holidays, the secretary of the navy has decided that such students as desire to visit Washington Christmas day may be granted leave of absence from Sunday until Monday evening, and no more.

DEPARTMENTS CLOSED.

All executive departments will be closed on Monday next and January 2d. During Christmas and week and to-morrow business will be generally suspended in the departments after two o'clock of each day.

Improvement on Time.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—The signal service has about completed arrangements with observatories in different parts of the country to secure time signals of the highest degree of accuracy for general advantage of the people.

Killed His Man.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Dec. 23.—In Birmingham last night check clerk Plosser, in the office of the Alabama Great Southern railway, was killed by a man named O'Neal.

Election Contest.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 23.—There are enough members of the committee on elections remaining in the city during the recess to form a quorum, and meetings will be held and sub-committees selected and put to work at once. Among the cases selected for immediate action are those of Lynch vs. Chalmers, of Mississippi; Lowe vs. Wheeler, Albany; Mackey vs. Dibble, Second district, and Temple vs. Talmar, Fifth district, they having been taken as representing the strongest cases for contestants, and

there is little hesitation exhibited by representative members, predicting that very prompt action be taken upon them favorable to contestants. Calkins, chairman of the committee, said to-night that he thought the report on these cases could be made by the second week in January.

Died of Apoplexy.

Special Dispatch to the Daily Tribune

MILES CITY, Dec. 23.—Col. J. V. Pierce, of Bozeman, was found dead in bed this morning at the hotel. He was a lawyer and a man of some political prominence. The jury's verdict was apoplexy.

Our Belle is Married.

Special Dispatch to the Daily Tribune

MILES CITY, Dec. 23.—John G. McLean and Miss Belle Comford, of Bismarck, were married last night.

Accidental Death.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Dec. 22.—While Chas. Redfield was engaged in work about his house, in which he was using screws, his little son, one-year old, got one of the screws in his windpipe and death resulted almost immediately.

Cast Into Prison.

DUBLIN, Dec. 23.—At Casselton to-day, Miss Reynolds, charged with aiding and abetting criminal conspiracy to prevent the payment of rent, was ordered, either to find bail, keep the peace six months or undergo a month's imprisonment. She refused to give bail and went to jail.

A Hoax.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—Secretary Reading of the Pennsylvania Mutual Aid Association states that the company never contemplated insuring Guiteau's life, and that the parties who signed the letter proposing such a risk are not known. He is satisfied the letter was intended as a hoax.

High-toned Callers.

NEW YORK, Dec. 23.—Among the callers to-day upon President Arthur were Gen. Grant and Hancock, ex-Senator Conkling, Postmaster General James and Hamilton Fish, Jr. The president was at home this afternoon and evening.

Montreal.

MONTREAL, Dec. 23.—A Pullman car conductor was caught by the custom officers bringing in tickets for the company to-day without entering them for duty. They were confiscated. Brown, general superintendent of the Pullman company, has arrived from the west, and denies emphatically any smuggling being carried on.

The stock market is excited this afternoon, and a further fall in prices took place.

Remained at His Post.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 23.—The passenger train from New York ran into the rear end of a freight train near Hallersburg, early this morning, and the engine and several freight cars were considerably damaged, and the tracks blocked several hours. [The damage amounts to about fifty thousand dollars. The accident, it is said, was caused by the freight pulling out when it should have waited for the passage of the passenger train. No one was injured. Among the passengers were President Roberts and Vice-President Cassatt, of the Pennsylvania railroad. When the engineer saw the fast train pulling out he reversed the engine and put on the brakes with such force as to throw the passengers out of their seats. A purse was made up for the engineer who remained at his post.]

The Treasury Investigation.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—Congress has adjourned and most of the congressmen have started for their homes already. As a consequence the city is quiet, but it's Guiteau trial still interests those who remain. The investigation of the little affair of ex-Secretary Sherman will also go right ahead, irrespective of the usual holiday recess. The testimony of J. Bradley Adams, a statistician of the city, was considered against the ring. Mr. Adams has had the contract for furnishing the general stationery supplies to the treasury department. He called for the purpose of testifying as to exorbitant prices paid by the treasury for supplies furnished by him. Mr. Adams said he was in no way responsible for the prices, and that he furnished supplies at figures given him by the treasury department. The general charge is that the figures supplied by the treasury ring are of such a character as to allow the purchasing of the treasury a handsome commission, as the prices paid to Mr. Adams were largely in excess of the current market rates.

Fire.

REDDEANES, N. J., Dec. 23.—Allen's block and Frenche's Central hotel, with a garage

house on either side burned to-night. Loss, \$40,000; partially insured.

The Jeannette.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 21.—Additional dispatches in correspondence of the state department relative to the measures taken for the relief of the Jeannette have been furnished for publication:

PARIS, Dec. 21. Hon. Frederick Frelinghuysen, secretary of state, Washington, D. C.—Immediately upon the receipt of the first news from the New York St. Petersburg correspondent about the Jeannette, saying 6,000 roubles were needed, I transferred that sum by telegraph through Rothschild to Gen. Igratiff with the request to draw on me for any further sums required for the honor and comfort of Capt. De Long and his party. I have to-day received the following telegram from

GEN. IGRTATOFF.

I have hastened to communicate with your correspondent the news received from Yakoutsk and have given orders to take the most energetic measures to rescue the shipwrecked crew, together with the authority to undertake all necessary expenses for which I have promised to reimburse him.

[Signed.] COMMODORE IGRTATOFF. You will see by this that everything possible is being done by the Russian government to secure the safety and speedy return of Capt. De Long and his men. If you or the secretary of the navy have any suggestions, I shall do my best to act upon them. I intend to send

A SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT to meet the party on its way here, and as it will be some days before he starts, perhaps you or the secretary of the navy might wish to take advantage of the opportunity to send dispatches or forward messages from relatives and friends of the party. My correspondent at St. Petersburg telegraphs me the distance by wagon to the point where the crew now are is 4,000 miles. I also learn from St. Petersburg that the emperor has personally given orders for all necessary clothing, provisions, money and transportation shall be put at the service of the Jeannette's party, which gives full assurance that everything possible will be done for their aid and comfort. [Signed.]

JAMES GORDON BENNETT, THE SECRETARY'S REPLY. Department of State, Washington, December 21, 1881.

JAMES GORDON BENNETT, Paris.—Telegrams with news of your generous provision received. Before its receipt I had sent a cable to Hoffman. [Signed.] FRELINGHUYSEN, Secretary of State.

The following telegram was sent by Secretary Blaine to Minister Foster, at St. Petersburg:

Washington, Sept. 28.—You may ask the Russian government to direct that vessels bearing her flag shall keep a friendly lookout on Siberian coast for the steamer Jeannette, fitted for Arctic exploration by the munificence of James Gordon Bennett. No disaster to her is reported, but watchfulness is deemed wise, a precaution which this government desires to make.

The Eastern Storms.

CHICAGO, Dec. 22.—The storm of last night extended over a wide extent of country and prostrated nearly every line but two east of this city, and up to noon to-day there were only the two quadruplex wires to the New York working, and no telegraphic communication was had over the Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Buffalo, Peoria, Keokuk or Jacksonville direct wires. The Marshalltown, Dixon, Cedar Rapids, Bloomington, Illinois Central and all its trances, and the Shearwater way routes were either wholly disabled or badly working. The storm was sleep and rain and that froze as it fell and weighed down the wires with the load of ice.

Man a Customs Being.

Man is the most stubborn being that stalks the earth. Tell him he shall not drink; pass prohibitory laws; put spies on his trail, and still he will get drunk. A liquor dealer of years of experience once said that if he was to undertake a temperance reformation he would make whiskey so cheap that it could be run in pipes to hydrants, where the public could obtain it at every street corner, without price to the consumer, and with his knowledge of men the problem would be solved—they would take to water.

Winter in North Dakota.

Ladies sit on verandas as in summer, while doors and windows are thrown open for comfort. This is winter in the Missouri river portion of North Dakota, December 23, 1881. There has been no snow yet—only half an inch early in November.

Vessel Burned.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Dec. 23.—The steamer "Granger," and cargo of cotton, rosin, and turpentine, burned. Loss on cargo \$40,000; no insurance. Vessel was insured for \$15,000.

THE CRANK.

He Opened Court by Telling the Judge That He Has Bounced Scoville.

That Gentleman Accepts the Situation and Turns the Case Over to Charles Reed.

Additional Tidings Received From the Late Arctic Steamer Jeannette and Her Crew.

James Gordon Bennett, Now at Paris, and Sends a Dispatch to Secretary Frelinghuysen.

In Which he States he Has Sent 6,000 Roubles to Rescue the Vessel.

Guiteau.

Special Dispatch to the Daily Tribune.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 23.—At the opening of the court to-day, Guiteau announced that he had determined to relieve Scoville as his counsel in chief. He said Scoville is doing very well in this case considering his theory, but he is not a criminal lawyer. He is a fine examiner of titles; he can tell you all about your abstracts, but I cannot have him here compromising my case. There is no lawyer in this court room but knows he has asked questions for the defense which compromise me. I can't sit there when my life is at stake and have him compromise my case in this way. My friend

CHARLES H. REED,

who was twelve years district attorney in Chicago, and is a first class lawyer, has very kindly consented to assume charge of this case, and I introduce him to your honor, the jury and the American people. Scoville agrees and admitted that the statement was made with his consent, and Reed thereupon assumed charge of the case.

DR. SPENCER H. TALCOTT,

medical superintendent of the homeopathic association for the insane at Middletown, New York, had treated something over one thousand cases of insanity. The witness had closely observed the prisoner and listened to his testimony on the stand upon the assumption that he (Guiteau) was telling the truth in regard to the transaction, and in regard to events of his life. As he described them witness should say he was sane on the second of July. The witness also replied "assuming to be true the facts set forth in hypothetical questions I should say that the prisoner was sane on the second of July."

"How much do you expect to get for that opinion," shouted Guiteau. "You have been here two or three weeks and I suppose you'll want five hundred dollars," striking the table angrily, "but I don't care a snap for your expert testimony. I don't care if you bring in five hundred such witnesses."

Judge Cox interrupted the harangue, and commanded the prisoner to keep silent. "All right, your honor, I'll be quiet now," said Guiteau.

AFTER RECESS.

Dr. Henry P. Stearns, superintendent of the Hartford Retreat for the insane, was the next witness. From eight hundred to one thousand cases of insanity had come under his supervision during the eight years he had been connected with the Retreat. The witness had made an examination of the prisoner at the jail, with a view to determine as to his physical and mental condition.

Guiteau interrupted, saying, "You came to me doctor as a friend, and I supposed you were going to testify for the defense. I talked very freely to you about my religious feelings and all about myself, but Corkhill's money was too much for you. I want to say here that I don't pretend to be any more insane at this minute than Davidge is; I won't say Corkhill for I think he is cracked. [Laughter.] but I rest my case right on this claim that I was insane on the second day of July when my inspiration and the state of my mind impelled the attack on the president, that is all there is about it. I don't care what these experts say about my sanity, now, that has got nothing to do with it."

The witness detailed at great length the results of his examination and an interview with Guiteau. Pending cross examination, the court adjourned until to-morrow.

Major Edwards, of the Fargo Argus, is said to be the biggest editor and wears the tiniest little boot of any newspaper man in Dakota.

TELEGRAPHIC

Lightning Jokers' Jamboree.

Special Dispatch to the Daily Tribune.
ST. PAUL, Dec. 18.—The operators at St. Paul and Minneapolis are giving a ball to-night, one of the finest social gatherings held in St. Paul this year. Sherman Hall is nicely decorated, and many visiting operators are present. On one side of the stage is an old set of instruments, representing the Western Union telegraph company working to Chicago and eastern points, the lines being run to the hall. On the other side of the stage is a new set, representing the Mutual Union company, also working to Chicago and eastern points. Under each gas jet is hung an instrument, and all working for dear life. Congratulations have been sent from all the principal cities in the states and territories from coast to coast.

Death of a Juror's Wife.

Special Dispatch to the Daily Tribune.
WASHINGTON, Dec. 19.—The criminal court opened at 11 o'clock this morning, and Guiteau was escorted to his seat by the officers. An announcement was made immediately afterwards of the death of Jurymen Hobb's wife, and court adjourned until Wednesday.

SPOILING HIS CASE.
Scoville is reported as saying he thinks Guiteau is spoiling his case so far as he can. He does not seem able to see what may come from the questions Scoville asks the witnesses, and when he lays the foundation for contradicting the witness, Guiteau does positive injury to himself and spoils the whole thing by correcting the witness on the spot, and putting him on his guard. This has been the case in regard to the witness Shaw. For example, Scoville says in reference to Mrs. Dunnire that he can prove she said at the time of her divorce, to Dr. Barker, of New York, that she thought she ought to remain with Guiteau as she believed he was insane, and needed some one to care for him. Guiteau, when he was leaving the court room to-day, stopped at the district attorney's desk and said, "Corkhill, I have had a model taken from my head for a bust. I will be a great man yet, Corkhill, if you let me alone."

Guiteau.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 20.—The Associated Press reporter had an interview to-day with Guiteau.

"I am happy to see you," Guiteau responded to the good evening of the reporter. "I was shut off from the world so long and deprived of newspapers and of my letters from relatives by that miserable Corkhill, that it is quite hard now to be able to receive my friends." As he spoke he extended his hand in a hearty manner quite at variance with his manner in court. "Pardon me," he continued, "if I keep on my hat it is quite draughty here, and I have been somewhat overheated. I have just been moving my things in for the evening from my other cell. I occupy, during the day, a cell further down the corridor, which is a little larger than this and affords much better light, and some chance to move around."

Guiteau being asked "how are you feeling after your two days' recess?" answered with a smile, "Oh, first-rate. I never felt better in my life, in health or spirits."

A MUSCULAR MAN.

"You appear to be a muscular man, Mr. Guiteau?" "I am generally a healthy one," he replied. "I have taken things easy since I was arrested, and never allowed anything to worry me. I know they were howling to shoot me, but this is a pretty strong place (glancing around), and I know they could not get at me."

Reporter—"A rumor was started this afternoon that you had committed suicide." "Stuff and nonsense," laughingly said Guiteau. "What next won't they say? That's too ridiculous. Why, what on earth should I want to commit suicide for? I'm perfectly satisfied with the way things are going. I have never doubted a favorable issue. The Deity has taken care of my case thus far."

Reflecting a moment, he continued, "Yes, and pretty

GOOD CARE OF ME.

"What's the object of the defense in recalling Mrs. Dunnire?" asked the reporter.

"I don't know what Scoville's idea was; I shall have a stop made about that; I don't want to put that woman on the stand again; Scoville is no criminal lawyer, I have to give him points all the time, but then he has done very well. He has worked hard and I don't know but that I am as well satisfied as if I had managed it alone."

Hesitating a moment he continued: "When I say alone you understand of course what I mean." (Evidently fearing the reporter might imagine he had lost sight of the Deity and inspiration feature in his defense) "Scoville loses sight of the main feature. He started out with the theory that an insane man must be half an idiot."

Guiteau announced his intention to cross examine the government experts. They had not yet, he said, touched upon that mysterious influence or impulse which often impels men to do things, even in the ordinary transactions of life, when there may be present no sufficient reason either in mind or sense or their surrounding for the particular exercise of their will or body—when a man suddenly feels an

impulse to turn around, and on doing so finds some one of whom, perhaps, he has just been thinking. How often man obeys what is termed presentment." Guiteau began to feel keenly that

HE HAS BEEN DECEASED.

by those persons who had sold to the Press interviews with him without even offering him admission.

Scoville's attention was called to the alleged statement of Mills that he found on taking a cast of Guiteau's head that one side was more fully developed than the other. If his statement is reported correctly, it is said Scoville will sustain the theory he has maintained throughout, and Singleton will have to take back some of his testimony, for he testified his head was symmetrical. Mills' statement supports the view of the experts for the defense, and he thinks every expert will admit that where the head is unequally developed the smaller side forms a basis for an unbalanced brain, and can become the groundwork for a case of insanity. If Mills substantiates his statements he will ruin him as a witness. Scoville thinks two weeks more will be required to finish the trial.

Guiteau.

Special Dispatch to the Daily Tribune:

MINNEAPOLIS, Dec. 18.—The Tribune prints this morning a statement written by Guiteau himself, reviewing his trial. Among other things he says, "I am well pleased with the trial; and especially so with the court and the jury. Judge Cox I consider just the man for this case. I think he believes in my idea of inspiration, and he is a high-toned church man, and therefore disposed to do absolute justice to the Deity and myself." He then goes over the old ground, charging his crime on the Deity, but says he would not do it again for a million dollars. It was a most foolhardy act, and no one in right mind would have done it. The gradual manner in which the Deity removed the president is a confirmation of

MP ORIGINAL INSPIRATION, and I am well satisfied with the Deity's conduct of the case thus far. I have an unusually bright jury, and I wish them to pass on my case. I judge they are honest, conscientious and careful, and no doubt will dispose of this case according to the facts and the law."

He then criticizes Col. Corkhill and Judge Porter, and says Scoville runs

TOO MUCH TO CRANOLOGY

and not enough to spirituality, and takes altogether too much stock in the fool's theory. He says he is pleased with Arthur because he is high-toned and keeps his secrets.

The Tribune reporter had an interview with Guiteau later in which he expressed the utmost confidence that he would be acquitted. "I am just as sure as ever that the Lord takes care of me," he said.

THE PRISONER'S DIVORCED WIFE called on him in prison to-day and Guiteau thus relates what transpired. She was here with her husband. They were out for a drive. She said she did not expect to come here, but they saw the jail and concluded to make a call. She did not stay very long. She cried, and said she was sorry to see me here, but I told her I would take care of me. I was considerably affected myself; but kissed her two children, shook her hand warmly, and shook hands with Mr. Dunnire when he came and when he went away. She said she had a nice home in Deadwood. I guess she is all right and I am glad of it. I believe her to be an honest Christian woman now. I caught her writing letters to other men when she was my wife, but I never caught her in anything worse.

SCOVILLE

was also interviewed. He said that the trial would last some time yet, and continue through the holidays. He thought if Guiteau was not lynched, he would fall into a state of imbecility and dotage.

JOHN W. GUILTEAU

was interviewed. He said he believed his brother actually crazy, and had thought him more or less so for years. His was a case of demonism according to the teachings of the Bible. He had no vices, and lived a religious life, but was utterly without the element affection.

Nomination Confirmed.

Special Dispatch to the Daily Tribune:

WASHINGTON, Dec. 19.—Horace Gray, of Massachusetts, was nominated to the United States Supreme court to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Clifford. The nomination of Brewster to the attorney-general was confirmed by the senate.

Jumped in a Well.

Special Dispatch to the Daily Tribune.

ST. PAUL, Dec. 19.—Rose Fernel, an estimable young lady of this city, and for a long time a member of the family of George T. Woodward, suicided Saturday night by jumping in a well. She had suffered much of late from attacks of headache, and it is believed her mind was temporarily unsettled.

Bright Horizon.

Special Dispatch to the Daily Tribune:

MINNEAPOLIS, Dec. 19.—The brightness of the early dawn this morning was accounted for from the fact that Conductor T. C. Comstock arrived on this morning's train, and his smile was as broad as the horizon. On Wednesday evening he is to marry Miss Ella J. Comstock, of 1121 Fifth street south.

The bride and groom will go east on a wedding trip, and he is only too happy to send regards to the boys.

Official Number.

Special Dispatch to the Daily Tribune.

VIENNA, Dec. 19.—The official list of the number of deaths by the theatre fire is 920.

New Road to Chicago.

Special Dispatch to the Daily Tribune.

ST. PAUL, Dec. 19.—Articles of incorporation were filed this morning, of the St. Paul, Minneapolis & Chicago railroad, with a capital stock of four millions, and headquarters at Minneapolis. The proposed line runs from Minneapolis to St. Paul, thence east and south through Houston county.

Improving the Maumee.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 19.—The senate received from the secretary of war to-day a copy of the report of Maj. M. Wilson, upon the survey of Maumee Bay for a straight channel from Toledo to the waters of Lake Erie. The report recommends the adoption of a plan which proposes the extension of the Maumee river on a straight line through the bay and North Cape Point to Lake Erie, confining the river bed in a new channel of about the same dimensions as its natural bed, and giving the main channel a depth of seventeen feet. The estimated cost of this plan is \$23,689,290.

More Souls Made Happy.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 19.—The president sent to-day another batch of nominations for postmasters and signed the commission of J. C. Bancroft Davis, assistant secretary of state. He received a large number of callers including two colored delegations, one headed by Prof. Greener and the other by ex-Marshal Frederick Douglass.

Train Robbery.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 19.—A Post special from Kansas City says two men boarded the Hannibal & St. Joe train at Chillicothe last night, and when near Utica drew revolvers, and demanded the passengers' money. The passengers hid their valuables under the seats, and the would-be robbers got nothing. Conductor Bushnell, with a train crew colored the ruffians, and threw them off the train into the ditch at Utica. Bushnell sent men back to arrest the robbers, but without effect.

The Long Lost Found.

LONDON, Dec. 20.—A dispatch from St. Petersburg says that news has reached the government at Jaktak eastern Siberia, that on the 14th of September three natives of Oulonso, near Cape Burhay, 140 versts north of Cape Billatt, discovered a boat containing eleven men, who stated that they belonged to the Jeannette, and had undergone terrible sufferings. On hearing this the new district deputy governor, with doctor and medicines, was immediately dispatched to help the shipwrecked sailors, and was instructed to bring them to Jaktak. The governor was also instructed to do everything in his power to recover the remainder of the crew. 500 roubles was given him to defray the first expenses. Engineer Melville has telegraphed the American legation at St. Petersburg that the Jeannette was surrounded and

CRUSHED BY ICE

on the 23rd of June, in latitude 77 north, longitude 155 east. The crew left the vessel in their boats about fifty miles from the mouth of the Lena river. They were lost by violent winds and thick fogs. Boat No. 3, commanded by engineer Melville, arrived on the 29th of September at the eastern mouth of the river Lena, where it was stopped by blocks of ice near the village of Bolendarga, inhabited by idolaters. Boat No. 1 reached the same port. The occupants of these boats state that Lieuts. DeLong and Dumble, with twelve others, landed at the northern mouth of the Lena, and that they are in a fearful condition, suffering from frozen limbs. A party of inhabitants of Bolendarga started immediately for their assistance. Nothing is known of boat No. 2.

WILL CARRY THE NEWS.

ST. PETERSBURG, Dec. 20.—A special supplement of the official Gazette issued this evening announces that all telegrams from Engineer Merrill, of the lost Arctic exploring steamer Jeannette will be forwarded to their destinations as promptly as possible, and that most energetic measures will be taken for the discovery of the remainder of the crew of the Jeannette and those left on the ice at the mouth of Lena river.

The Star Routes.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 20.—Col. Robert G. Ingersoll, representing what is known as the Salisbury combination of mail contractors, has been for some time conducting an argument before the second assistant postmaster general with a view to showing certain deductions for non-performance of contract that should not be made in a majority of cases. The position assumed by the department has been sustained however.

Postoffices to be Closed.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 20.—On Monday next and on Monday the 2d of January, the post-offices of the country will be closed as on other legal holidays.

Custom Appeals.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 19.—A bill was to-day introduced in the senate to-day by Sherman to facilitate the decision of controverted questions in customs. It provides that the

appeal authorized by sections 2931 and 2932, revised statutes, may be made by the appellant at his election either to the secretary of the treasury or to the court of claims, to be disposed of as suits against the United States and repeals so much of said sections as relates to the bringing of suits for the recovery of duties alleged to have been erroneously and illegally exacted. It also empowers the secretary of the treasury to transfer to the court of claims, without his decision thereon, any such appeals made to him to be there disposed of in the same manner as if they had been made directly to the court of claims. The bill further provides that hereafter no action shall be brought against any collector or other officer of claims in any matter in which an appeal is allowed by this act to the secretary of the treasury or to the court of claims.

Railroad Commissioners' Report.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 19.—The report of Jas. R. McCammon, commissioner of railroads, has been received by the secretary of the interior. It says the indications are within a short time there will be five different routes to the Pacific coast, where less than a year ago there was but one railroad. They had been instrumental in the development of the country at a rapid rate. Capital had been invested in immense sums, and still the tendency is towards increased developments principally in the west and southwest. It is believed that the operations in railroad construction this year will exceed those of any previous year, and in consequence large tracts of mineral and agricultural lands will be made accessible. The commissioner takes up the question of compensation to land grant railroads for transportation of troops and government supplies, and says: "I have reached the conclusion that fifty per cent. of the tariff of ordinary rate of companies would be just compensation to railroads and the government and proper for permanent appreciation. Engineers Blackstone and Mill, recognizing the general good condition of Pacific railroads says there is still left much to be done in order to bring them to that standard of condition that it will be economy in their maintenance and operation. The construction of many bridges is severely criticised and the commissioner says comparatively few of them are supplied with proper safe guards against accident. In conclusion the attention of congress is invited to the fact that there is no uniform system of railway signals in use which is a source of confusion and should be remedied by an appropriate legislation."

Why It Should be Admitted.

[Chicago Tribune.]

In the year 1878 Dakota produced 3,000,000 bushels of wheat, 2,000,000 bushels of corn, 2,300,000 bushels of oats, and other grains in proportion. In the two years which have since passed the resources of the territory have been rapidly developed, and it is probable that the crops of next year will be double those of 1879. This is a record of which any young state might well be proud. It is sufficient testimony to the ability of the state to support a large population.

With reference to population, Dakota has a better showing to make than most of the states offered when they were admitted. It has a larger population now than eight of the original thirteen states, when the union was formed, and two thirds of the population of New York, at that time. It has thrice the population of Nevada, which has been a state since 1864. At the last election it cast 28,091 votes, while Delaware cast only 29,408, and Nevada only 21,660. Before it can be admitted, with the hastiest action of congress, Dakota will have 200,000 inhabitants, if it has not that many already.

Immigration is rushing into Dakota from all quarters. It is now as much sought as Kansas, Nebraska and Minnesota formerly were. The only large tracts of fertile land remaining in the country are found in Dakota, and its attractions are of such unusual character, that it may reasonably be expected to have by 1890 a population of 800,000 to 900,000. Its growth will almost certainly be the phenomenon of the decade, and the wonder of the next census will be the record of its development.

The attempt to keep such a territory out of the union will be futile. It will react on the head of its authors. If by chicanery or ignorance the admission of the territory should be delayed for one session it would be impossible to keep it out longer. Its demand is already imperative. Congress would best accede to it at once. The government and the people of the United States have no right to deny representation in congress to 200,000 citizens. The Dakota question will have no pity for the repose of the nation until it is settled.

A Strange Mirage.

The residents of Steele, forty-five miles east of Bismarck witnessed a rare treat Wednesday afternoon in the shape of a mirage or reflection. Sibley island, forty-five miles away, and Long lake, twenty miles distant, could be seen in the otherwise clear sky as plain as though one was looking at a bird's-eye view of these localities. This strange phenomena lasted about half an hour, and the trees on the island, and the Missouri river winding out of sight in the distance, were as distinct as any painter could define them, and more so, because of the reflection from nature itself. This phenomena is of frequent occurrence in the vicinity of Steele, lakes and buttes often being reflected in the sky at an angle of about forty degrees. When the sun is shining brightly the picture is beautiful beyond description.

THE BABY DID IT.

Frank Carpenter Relates an Interesting Incident in Lincoln's Life.

A touching instance of his kindness of heart was told to me incidentally by one of the servants. A poor woman from Philadelphia had been waiting with a baby in her arms for three days to see the president. Her husband had furnished a substitute for the army, but some time afterwards became intoxicated while with some companions and in this state was induced to enlist. Soon after he deserted the army, thinking that as he had provided a substitute, the government was not entitled to his services. Returning home, he was, of course, arrested, tried, convicted and sentenced to be shot. The sentence was to be executed on Saturday. On Monday his wife left her home with her baby to endeavor to see the president. Said old Daniel "she had been waiting here three days and there was no chance for her to get in. Late in the afternoon of the third day the president was going through the back passage to his private rooms to get a cup of tea and take some rest. (This passage way has since been reconstructed and shuts the person passing entirely out of view of the occupants of the ante room) On his way through he heard the baby cry. He instantly went back to his office and rang the bell. Daniel, said he, there is a woman with a baby in the ante-room. I said there was, and if he would allow me to say it, I thought it was a case he ought to see, for it was a matter of life and death. Said he, 'Send her to me at once.' She went in, told her story, and the president pardoned her husband. As the woman came out from his presence, her eyes were lifted and her lips moving in prayer; the tears rolling down her cheeks." Said Daniel, "I went up to her, and pulling her shawl, said, 'Madam, it was the baby that done it.'"

A Brave Woman.

[Helena Herald.]

An interesting story is told of a young wife who went west with her husband, and there encountered all sorts of "hard luck." Crops failed, cattle died, the young farmer sickened. During all this time the young wife never grew discouraged, but did all in her power to keep her husband from getting "the blues." But one morning the boy who did the chores came in and said he could not find the old cow on the farm. So our heroine set out with the boy in search of the lost animal, and finally found her where she had fallen, over between two large logs—dead. The young woman was at last discouraged, and for a time would not go back with the bad news to her husband, but finally overcame her own feelings, went merrily to the house, and, upon entering, said: "Well, Rollin, our luck has changed." "How is that?" he anxiously inquired. "Why," said she, "the old cow is dead; you can skin her, sell the hide, and we will have some money." And it proved to be true, for their luck did change from that day. They sold out their interest in the farm and bought another one, began over, and to-day they are well-to-do people. Does not this teach a lesson to repining wives, and show what power there is in a hopeful wife?

Losers of Money.

"Pardon me for troubling you, sir, but did you drop a \$20 gold piece?" asked a man with an earnest look on his face and a memorandum book in his hand, of a well dressed individual, on the corner of Jefferson and Woodward avenues.

The man addressed ran his hand nervously into various pockets, and replied:

"Well, now; I declare! Can it be possible that I was so careless as to drop that coin? Yes, it's gone, I must have lost it right here, near where we stand."

The man opened his memorandum book, took from his vest pocket the stub of a pencil and said:

"Will you favor me with your name and address?"

They were given and the questioner started on, when the well dressed man cried: "Hi, there! Where's the money? Give me my gold piece."

"Oh, I didn't find any money. I took a notion this morning that in a city like this, where thousands and thousands of dollars are handled every hour, there must be great losses, and started out to investigate the matter. Between here and the river I found seven men that had lost \$20 gold pieces, and I expect to run the list up to 200 before I reach the city hall. Good day, sir."

Didn't Pan Out.

[Free Press.]

A Michigan avenue confectioner thought it would be rare sport to put cayenne pepper in the straw through which a buxom maiden from the country was about to suck a glass of cooling lemonade. She sucked vigorously and then, after she recovered from the wild surprise that took possession of her, she reached for that joker, snatched him over the counter, and for about five minutes used him on the floor of the shop as she had often used the flail on the floor of her father's barn. He is willing to admit, considering all the circumstances, that some things do not pan out as much innocent mirth and fun as their appearance would indicate.

The Bismarck Tribune.

ARE YOU PUBLIC SPIRITED?

THE TRIBUNE wishes to remind those interested in the growth of Bismarck that it costs a great deal of money to run a daily newspaper, and to express the hope that those who wish to see the city prosper and the country settled up, will do their part toward sustaining the daily. THE TRIBUNE does not care to adopt either of the methods quite common to newspapers, and therefore has not begged or bulldozed, but wishes its claims to patronage to be considered on their merit. That the paper is a credit to the city, and of value to the country, will not be disputed, and it is to be hoped that its patronage will be sufficient to justify the continuation of the present size. With business in every branch increasing, and the bright prospects for the future before us, is it good policy to oblige the newspaper—the city's best representative—to en-small or take an inferior position among the newspapers of the land? The daily will be maintained, and Bismarck and Bismarck business men will be judged by the appearance of the paper. Are you interested in the growth of the country or the city? Has not your property been increased largely in value by the attention that has been attracted to Bismarck since the publication of the daily? Do you patronize it as you ought? If not in business, you could help along the good work by ordering copies of the paper sent to reading rooms and hotels in the middle and eastern states—points from which immigration may be expected. This is the plan adopted at Fargo, and it works very much to the advantage of the city. Mr. Beardsley, the surveyor, recently ordered fifty copies of the Fargo Republican so sent. Fargo has prospered beyond all comparison because it has been assisted by the railroad company and has made the good points of the country known through the local press. The railroad company is now seeking to attract attention to this country, and it will be a great fault on the part of Bismarck if everything is not done that can be done toward gaining advantage to Bismarck through the coming boom.

MILES CITY BUREAU.

The TRIBUNE takes pleasure in announcing that it has established a Miles City bureau for the transaction of all business which friends of the paper on the frontier may have. The Daily TRIBUNE has gained daily in circulation along the line of the North Pacific, and its business in the Yellowstone valley has become of such importance that the establishment of a bureau has become necessary. Mr. A. Yerkes, well known throughout the western country, has been placed at the head of this department, and any business which may be transacted with him will receive prompt attention. The TRIBUNE publishes daily complete associated press news and live correspondence from the Yellowstone valley. It reaches its subscribers two days ahead of St. Paul dailies, and is therefore the paper for every live business man on the frontier. The circulation of the TRIBUNE is largely among the railroad employes and settlers in the valley, and affords the merchant an excellent advertising medium. The paper is sold on all trains out from Bismarck, and therefore seen by all travelers going east and west. The value of its advertising columns to hotel keepers will be readily seen.

DAKOTA'S RANK:

Dakota territory outranks thirty-five states of the union in the production of gold; it outranks twenty-nine states in the production of silver; in miles of railway, twelve states; in wheat, fifteen states; in oats, ten states; in corn, four states; in hogs, seven states, and in cattle three states. All of which is according to the census of 1890.

LAST month the Moorhead daily Argonaut was started. For several months Moorhead had been booming, but there was no means of impressing this fact upon the outside world until the daily appeared. That in itself was evidence of the city's thrift and enterprise. It is to be hoped that the citizens of that thriving town will appreciate the efforts of the publishers of the Argonaut. It merits success, and success depends entirely upon the liberality of the people. The Argonaut truly says of itself: "The columns of a paper are the publisher's stock in trade, and the parties who ask us to use them for their special benefit must expect to pay for the same, and we hope

that all parties will, after due consideration, view the matter in the proper light. Every public-spirited citizen of a place should have pride in seeing his own town and the surrounding country improve. Every new house or barn in the surrounding country, every new road, fence, or shade tree, every new manufacturing establishment erected, every new business opened enhances the value of property in our midst. Every honest, reflecting mind knows this to be true, and you should not forget that the local newspapers add much to the general wealth and prosperity of the place, as well as increases the reputation of the town abroad. It benefits all who have business in the place, enhances the value of property besides being a public convenience, even if not conducted in the interests of the leading political power. If its columns are not filled with brilliant editorials, still it benefits you in many ways. It increases trade, it cautions against impositions, it saves you from loss, it points out different advantages and increases your profits. Now, if you want such a paper you must support it by advertising your business in it; assist in increasing its circulation by getting your neighbors to subscribe with you for it. If you want such a paper you must not consider it an act of charity to support it, but as a means to increase your own wealth as well as that of the place in which you live. The local press is the power that moves the people; therefore, support it by advertising and subscribing and paying for it."

TO THE citizens of Mandan and the west side of the Missouri river the TRIBUNE would say that in its efforts to induce immigration and otherwise advance the interests of the Northwest, they have received, and will continue to receive, just recognition. Every settler that locates in the Missouri valley is a help to both Bismarck and Mandan, and there should be no spirit other than that of wholesome rivalry between any two cities in the valley. The services of Mr. H. H. Gove have been secured for the benefit of the people of Mandan, and he will be found an agreeable gentleman to do business with. Any favors shown him will be duly appreciated by the TRIBUNE. If the people of Mandan want the benefits to be received from a department in the only daily newspaper of the Northwest, then they should show it by their business transactions with the paper's representative. The circulation of the paper between Mandan and Miles City is much greater than all other papers combined—a fact to be expected because of its being a daily with full telegraphic reports, etc. The TRIBUNE greets its readers every day, and a careful, sober consideration of the matter will lead any live business man to the conclusion that it is to his own interest to be represented in its columns.

THE following from the Fargo Argus may hit someone in Bismarck. As yet, however, the TRIBUNE has to find a man whose hostility to the city and its future welfare induces him to fling rocks at the city's greatest friend: "The Grand Forks people exhibit the right spirit about their paper. The other day a business man from the Forks called upon the Argus and said, 'We are all proud of our daily paper and money could not make us do without it. We think it improves with every number.' That spirit builds up a town and makes a community worthy of emulation. How different is the average Bismarcker! The TRIBUNE is really a good paper, and worthy of every support, and yet the Bismarck citizen, when asked about it, usually has a fling to make. That's one great reason why Bismarck will ever be a failure, each citizen tries to pull down his neighbor, while in Fargo each neighbor tries to build up not only himself but his fellow."

SCOVILLE talks too much. In his lecture the other day he took the ground that Guiteau was likely to be shot or lynched, and pointed out just how and where it might be successfully done. "He now says Guiteau has injured his own case. All this is true, no doubt, but why should the defense admit these facts until compelled to do so. Guiteau says Scoville acts as if he was getting to be a crank, and that is about so.

WITH all of Guiteau's depravity and wickedness he keeps pretty year the line of truth and seems disposed to admit facts no matter how damaging rather than lie about it. He professes to believe he was inspired by Deity to commit his great crime. After all this is but little more cheeky than the hope expressed by nearly all great criminals when on the gallows that their sins have been for-

given and that they have been granted free passports to heaven. The thought occurs that possibly the Savior gave too great encouragement when he said to thief upon the cross "This day shalt thou be with me in Paradise."

THE TRIBUNE again calls the attention of the citizens of Burleigh county to the suggestion made by the chairman of the Republican territorial central committee that the people of the several counties meet at some convenient time and place, at an early date and adopt suitable resolutions on the subject of the division of Dakota. It can do no harm. It may do much good. Copies of the resolutions so adopted should be sent to Hon. R. F. Pettigrew, and Hon. Wm. Windom in order that they may be backed in their efforts to secure the division of Dakota, by the expression of the people.

EVERY paper that is a friend to the northwest deserves the patronage and support of the people of North Dakota and Montana. The Minneapolis Tribune is daily filled with news of interest to every resident of this section. It pays especial attention to the doings of the North Pacific, and keeps its readers posted on all matters relating to the interests of the northwest. Its proprietors are western men, imbued with western ideas and the true boom spirit. For a genuine newspaper the TRIBUNE takes pleasure in commending its Minneapolis namesake.

IT is astounding how rapidly towns spring up on the prairie. Two years ago Mr. I. W. Barnum, of Brooklyn, conceived the idea of a townsite of his own, and accordingly chose a spot between Jamestown and Fargo. He platted his land and the result is a thriving town. Last evening's mail brought the first number of the Sanborn Enterprise, by Wm. McKean, which is all that the name implies. The town of Sanborn is only one of the many thriving new townsites along the line.

THE growth of Tower City is something remarkable. This town of half a dozen buildings a year ago, is one of the most prosperous villages on the line of the road. Between seventy and eighty residences and business houses have been erected this year. The postoffice has a complete Yale outfit.

JUDGE Cox, of Minnesota, is now being tried by a state senate court of impeachment, and it is said that the line of defense will be that the offenses—drunkenness and lewdness—are unimpeachable because not committed on the bench and in open court.

UP to date there have been 480 bodies taken from the ruins of the Vienna theatre fire. It should be made a criminal offense for any theatre proprietor to allow the existence of such fire-traps.

THE TRIBUNE has yet to see the man who is in favor of calling North Dakota "Pembina." Where did that representative get his information regarding the wants of this commonwealth.

GRATEFUL fellows; those Fargoites. The editor of the Republican last week found a package on his desk, which proved to be, upon opening, a fat turkey. Donner not known.

THE Daily Evening News of La Crosse, one of the brightest daily papers of its size in the country, announces its suspension after January 1st for lack of patronage.

THE Marquis of Lorne will return to Canada for three years more.

SOME of the young ladies of Cleveland have become proficient gamblers by playing poker among themselves, with one cent ante in order to make the game interesting. One devotee modestly proclaimed herself to be "way ahead of the game," and asserted that she had no end of handkerchiefs, gloves and perfumery, the result of her good judgment. The best record, as far as could be ascertained, was made by a Woodland avenue girl, who realized between \$11 and \$12 from a party of friends.

IT seems there were five ruffians in the Caldwell, Kansas, affair, two of whom were wounded. Their names are Jim Talbot, Jim Morton, Mug Hill, Bill Munson and Bob Bigtree. One thousand dollars reward is offered for their capture dead or alive. Those who are after them would rather take the reward for them dead, besides they can bring them in cheaper. It is believed a committee of safety has been organized, although there is no evidence of it on the surface.

DR. HALL HASKELL died in the almshouse at San Francisco on the 20th inst., having been arrested as a broken-down, vermin-in-

festated beggar. In early days he was manager of the banking and express house of Adams & Co., with an income of \$70,000 a year. He gave all of his means in a fruitless endeavor to save the bank, and retiring into privacy and poverty, took to drink with above results.

AT the Fargo territorial division convention eleven delegates were elected to a convention. Eleven delegates were elected to a convention to be held at some point in North Dakota at a time and place yet to be named, at which it is to be hoped every county in North Dakota will be represented. This convention, it is believed will represent fully the wishes of the people of North Dakota in the matter.

THE Helena Herald says that it is reported that the North Pacific will next summer try to cut out anything in the line of fast railroad building yet attempted on the footstool. The scene of operations will be the Yellowstone valley. Should it be decided to lay a temporary track across that portion of the belt range to be pierced by a tunnel, trains may be landed in Bozeman by the autumn of 1892.

A DULUTH dispatch says that Winston Bros., who have the contract to drive the piles for the North Pacific road along the water front of Superior, have lately added new steam drivers, and are pushing the work day and night. The contract calls for the completion of the work by the first of January, and as there are yet some 1,000 piles to drive, the night work is a necessity.

THE Black Hills Times says Aunt Lou, of the Desmet household, is believed to be the first lady of color to visit the Hills. The Times is mistaken. Aunt Sally, who recently died at Crook City, was with Custer in the Hills in 1874, and used to boast that she was "de fust white woman" in the Black Hills, although as black as the ace of spades.

THE Fargo territorial division convention suggests that delegates be elected to the North Dakota convention as follows: Burleigh county 4, Morton 3, Kidder 3, State-man 3, LaMour 3, Ransom 3, Barnes 4, Cass 11, Richland 6, Trail 6, Grand Forks 8, Pembina 6 and Walsh 3. Total, 68. All delegates to be elected without reference to party lines.

THE Minneapolis Evening Journal says that "Guiteau's power of control is shown by the fact that he did not venture to insult his divorced wife while her talwart Leadville husband stood over her with his hand suggestively upon his pistol pocket. If the culprit were a genuine man this would have made no difference.

THE decision of the supreme court of Maine against Gove for Plasted was unanimous. But the governor has a theory to the effect that, the proceedings having been instituted by the council, the decision is not binding upon him. He asked the eight judges who decided against him to give another decision.

A DES MOINES dispatch indicates that Lulu Barnes, fourteen years old was driven to suicide by the shameful treatment received by her from her parents. They finally charged her with stealing five cents and employed a stout boy to punish her, but she cheated them of this satisfaction by hanging herself.

THE Donaldson brothers were arrested at Des Moines on the 19th charged with an attempt to murder farmer Rhenshield to secure a thousand dollars which he had obtained by the sale of his barn. The assaulted party may live although he was dangerously wounded.

THE bed room of President Arthur, in the White House has been decorated in a weird, wild manner, suggestive of a "super-aesthetical, ultra-poetical, out-of-the-way young man" of the Oscar Wilde school. So says an audacious Washington correspondent.

WORK is soon to be commenced on a new hotel at Crys al Bay, Lake Minnetonka. The structure, which will be one of the finest in the country or its size, will cost about \$250,000, and is expected to accommodate 2,000 guests. J. J. Hill is at the head of the enterprise.

LILLIE OSGOOD VANDERBILT was married on Tuesday to Dr. William Seward Webb, a son of James Watson Webb. Miss Vanderbilt is the youngest daughter of Wm. H. Vanderbilt. Among the presents were a fine residence and \$250,000 from the father of the bride.

MR. HATTON acting postmaster general, has ruled that no supplements containing advertisements, will be admitted as second class rates unless the publisher swears that the advertisers paid the same rates in the supplement as were charged in the main sheet.

MRS. J. D. LYNN, of Elgin, Ill., died last Wednesday of small-pox contracted while nursing her child, and was buried in the same grave with another of her children who died two hours after her. Within six weeks the family has lost seven members.

AN INDIAN BOY named Jimmy says when he went to Red river, in 1852, he met a little barefooted boy and asked him if he didn't want to go to school. He said he did, and went. The little Indian boy is now James Northway, prime minister of Manitoba.

DURING the winter Adolph Sutro will erect at Long Branch as fine a suburban resort as

there is in the world. It will include a hotel, gardens, bathing places and an observatory, commanding the finest view obtainable of the ocean and head.

"I AM not a criminal!" exclaimed Guiteau. Whereupon the Boston Transcript says: "No, the criminal class, as it runs, would be degraded by the association of this diabolically malevolent fraud in politics and piety with their number."

ONE hundred thousand acres of land are said to have been entered in Pembina county fraudulently. The postmaster, collectors of customs, two bankers and a railroad agent at Emerson, Manitoba, are in the land.

THE St. Louis Republican says that storms are born in the vicinity of Bismarck. They may have been born at Bismarck, but full grown storms are seldom known to remain in this section; they go east and south.

BOSS SHEPHERD's right leg will have to come off to save his life from the bite of a tarantula, received in an old mine in Chihuahua. He will be brought home to Washington as soon as he can be moved.

THE annual count which took place at the Minneapolis postoffice the first week in December showed an increase of 5,372 pieces deposited per day over last year. Total number deposited for the week 183,677.

IT is now claimed for the Nininger failure that it was not owing to speculations in wheat; that the deficit is less than \$18,000; and that both depositors and merchant creditors are disposed to be lenient.

F. S. SMITH was killed at Harney's Peak, on the 8th. He was cleaning sawdust from under a saw, and forgetting he raised up and the saw cut his head off. He was forty years of age and came from Chicago.

CUSTOMS officers Tuesday seized the books and papers in the Montreal office of the Pullman Car company and removed them to the custom house, because of alleged violation of the revenue laws.

MISS DAVIS, the daughter of the president of the late confederacy, is a tall, young woman, with dark hair and eyes, an extremely pale face and an expression of intense reserve.

SENATOR DAVID DAVIS says that he cannot very well marry—as report has published that he will—one of his deceased wife's sisters, as she has but two, both of whom have living husbands.

IN London last year the death rate from small-pox per 1,000,000 of the vaccinated was only 213, while that of the unvaccinated was 13,820. Thus the value of vaccination.

AN Ohio girl sued a man for breach of promise and proved him such a mean scoundrel that the jury decided that she ought to pay him something for not marrying her.

AN order has been issued from Washington directing the postoffices of the country to be closed on Monday next and on Monday, January second, as on other legal holidays.

AN exchange says that if you expect to make a living by speculating in stocks, you had better begin by laying aside enough to pay your car fare to the poor house.

AN explosion occurred on the 19th inst. in a Lancashire colliery, of two hundred employees in the pit. Only twenty-seven have been brought to the surface alive.

JUDGE HILTON has given an order to a Boston sculptor for a monument to the late A. T. Stewart, which will be erected in Trinity churchyard, New York.

LONG JOHN WENTWORTH, of Chicago, flatters himself that he is the last survivor of the Battle of the Thames, October 13, where Tecumseh was killed.

AT the regular meeting of the Wisconsin supreme court Tuesday Miss Kate Kane, of Milwaukee, was admitted to practice at the bar of the court.

A NATIONAL reunion of the Grand Army of the Republic and union ex-soldiers and sailors generally, will be held in Washington next May.

A DAUGHTER of George Murphy, chief of the harbor police at Montreal, died yesterday from the effects of chloroform given by her physicians.

JEFFERSON DAVIS smiled upon a crowd of boys who, at the Columbus, O., depot, the other day, sang, "Hang Jeff Davis on a sour apple tree."

BOYD, the carman, has signed articles for a match with Hanlan for the championship of the world and £500; race to come off in April.

H. A. TOWNE, formerly superintendent of the North Pacific, is talked of for general manager of the St. Paul and Duluth road.

HANLAN has at last agreed to row Boyd on the River Tyne, England, for the championship of the world and £500, April 8, 1892.

MESSAGES of twenty words, exclusive of address, can be sent from any one part of England to another for twenty-five cents.

THE paper on which the president's message was written had a heavy black border and was fastened with black tape.

THE Fargo Argus will publish an illustrated edition of 48,000 copies on Sunday next.

THE population of London is nearly 5,000,000.

IMPERFECT PAGE

MISSOURI'S VALLEY.

A Paper Presented for the Consideration of the Missouri River Improvement Convention.

The Extent of the Mighty Muddy as Compared with Other Great Rivers.

Climate of the Missouri Valley, Rainfall and Area of Excellent Land.

The Average Temperature Seven Degrees Warmer at Fort Benton than at St. Paul.

Conclusive Reasons Why There Should be Large Appropriations for the River's Improvement.

The Plea.

At the Missouri river improvement convention, held at St. Joseph, Mo., Nov. 29, 1881, L. E. Cooley, of St. Charles, presented a very able paper, from which some very interesting facts are gleaned. He said: "The Missouri basin is the most interesting and important, the least known and the best abused of the four grand divisions of the Mississippi valley. It is scarcely a generation since our knowledge of this basin, and it is still so in part, was confined to the stories of explorers and adventurers. These accounts were uniformly dark, and unrelieved by those touches of pathos and humor which could make the land the birthplace of song or story. To the popular mind it was a vast treeless region of little rainfall with deep cut, rugged canyon valleys. Here was the great American desert: here the sage brush and greasewood dominated the vegetable kingdom: here fierce winds held sway; the streams were fed by mountain snows in the spring time, and their broad beds the site of drifting sand dams later in the season. Since then it has become the site of wealthy states; its rivers have been spanned by triumphs of skill; railroads are everywhere pushing their way into this forbidding land, followed by prosperous settlement, and it bids fair to become, in its manifold characteristics, the great pasture land, the grain field and fruit garden of the west."

DRAINAGE BASINS.

The area of the Missouri river basin is 524,000 square miles; of the upper Mississippi 182,000 square miles; of the Ohio 214,000 square miles, and of the whole basin, including the lower Mississippi, 1,241,000 square miles, or about one half the total area of the United States. The Missouri drains 45 per cent of the total area, exceeds by 40 per cent the combined area of the Ohio and upper Mississippi, and nearly equals that of the Ohio and lower Mississippi. Even the basin of the extreme upper Missouri and Yellowstone, commencing nearly 1,700 miles above the mouth, is of greater extent than the Mississippi above St. Louis.

RESOURCES AND CLIMATE.

It is resources rather than extent that measures the commercial value of these regions. The Missouri basin in its lower thousand miles has an extent of arable land equal to that of the upper Mississippi. It is believed that the course of settlement in the next ten years will show a greater extent of arable lands than exists in the basins of the upper Mississippi and Ohio combined. This would still leave a pasture land larger than the upper Mississippi basin, without encroaching on mineral areas of unexplored extent. These arable lands are uniformly closer to navigable waters than in either of the other basins, or more directly tributary to the river system. The mineral developments are unexampled in extent and variety, from coal and the baser ores, which form the sinews of our prosperity, to the precious metals which measure its value.

INCREASE OF RAINFALL.

This account is quite at variance with that of the early explorers, and yet, perhaps, they did not exaggerate more than the bridge builders, who magnified the difficulties which they so successfully overcame. The inhabitants of this basin agree in a general increase in rainfall in the last few years, a belief which is borne out by observations in the state of Nebraska, showing a large increase in the annual precipitation and a gradual extension of the wheat limit westward. These results are confirmed at the posts in the upper basin. Competent meteorologists do not ascribe these changes to cosmical agencies, but as the direct result

of inhabitation, the breaking up and mellowing of the sod compacted through a thousand generations, the planting of forests and similar causes, changes that are likely to increase and extend their influence with that of civilization.

TEMPERATURE.

To those who have studied closely the physical characteristics of the three tributary basins a profound difference in type is disclosed. Civilization in the Ohio and upper Mississippi basins is depleting the forests, producing barren hillside or frigid morass, the rainfall is becoming more variable, floods higher, low water less, and the influx of sand to vex navigation more. The influences at work in the Missouri basin are increasing its rainfall, softening its climate, and giving to its rivers a greater and more uniform discharge.

Still another point may be added. The mean annual temperature at Fort Benton is about seven degrees less than at St. Paul, with less rigorous winters or a more equable climate. A milder climate will more generally be found in the Missouri basin than at points of equal latitude to the east or the season is longer.

THE DISTANCE FROM MARKET.

The Missouri basin, so far as coast or lake lines are concerned, or those points at which the price of products are fixed, is practically in the center of the Union. Hemmed in by the Rocky mountains on the west, and removed from the lakes or the gulf, there is no portion of our territory whose citizens can be taxed higher in transporting their surplus products to the distant markets. The center of this basin by air line is 525 miles from Duluth, 740 from Chicago, and 680 from St. Louis; while that of the upper Mississippi is only 225, 240 and 325 respectively, to the same points; and the Ohio basin is in easy reach of the lakes, the seaboard or the lower Mississippi. If it is the nation to develop the resources of the country to their utmost by removing the barriers in her natural highways, and connecting the same at the points of vantage, then it would seem as if the claims of the Missouri basin were paramount. The best that can be done will not alter the fact that it is an interior basin, and not on a par with its neighbors, except in superior resources.

EXTENT OF NAVIGATION.

It is, by a comparison of the trunk rivers themselves that the extent of the Missouri river is most fully appreciated. The Ohio is 997 miles from its mouth to Pittsburgh, and the engineers only report it impracticable for low water navigation by the use of some sixty-eight locks and dams. The upper Mississippi is 681 miles from its mouth at the mouth of the Missouri to St. Paul. The Missouri is 1,682 miles to the mouth of the Yellowstone, and Maj. Sutter, the officer in charge, reports that it can be given a low water depth of twelve feet to Sioux City, 728 miles by channel rectifications alone without extraneous work. This can as well be carried to the mouth of the Yellowstone.

ABOVE THE YELLOWSTONE.

Above the mouth of the Yellowstone we have over 500 miles on the upper Missouri and 250 on the Yellowstone which it is believed can be given the depth proposed in the upper Mississippi at far less cost. Still above the great falls, over 200 miles to Three Forks, is an available navigation of over three feet, which may be connected with the river below, extending navigation 2,420 miles from its mouth and it is said that on the Jefferson, for 100 miles more, a navigation may be obtained that will shame the upper Tennessee and Cumberland, which have received the fostering care of the general government. In this basin of rivers even the much despised Kaw has a larger low water discharge than the Arkansas at Fort Smith, two and a half times that of the Great Kanawa, and nearly twice that of the Ohio at Pittsburgh.

NATURAL ADVANTAGES.

If we have not failed in our presentation, it should be plain that the Missouri basin has a greater extent, greater natural resources, and a greater development of natural waterways than either of the others, and that its isolated position demands their improvement with a view of making its agricultural productions properly merchantable. It is furthermore evident that it is the only tributary which can be given a depth proportional to the lower Mississippi for a length 30 per cent greater, without a single obstructing lock or canal, and that the aggregate amount of improvable open navigation possible is greater than that of the upper Mississippi and the Ohio basins combined, with the addition of the lower Mississippi trunk. The Missouri, both from

economical and engineering considerations, has claims stronger than that of any other stream in the great basins.

LOW WATER DISCHARGE.

The Missouri at Dauphin's Rapids, about 2,100 miles from its mouth, has a low water discharge of 11,000 cubic feet per second; at Three Forks, over 2,400 miles up, of 7,000 feet, while the Yellowstone, at the junction of the Big Horn, 251 miles from its mouth, has nearly the same. Where the two streams come together at Fort Buford, 1,682 miles from its mouth, the discharge cannot be less than 22,000 feet. Here commences the Nile-like character of the stream, the low water contributions being insufficient to maintain its volume 900 miles to Sioux City, where its discharge has shrunk to 18,000 feet, increasing thence 732 miles to the mouth to 26,500 feet.

How insignificant is the low water discharge of the Ohio at Pittsburgh—about 1,650 feet per second—barely enough for the proposed backwater—only about one-fourth that of either the extreme upper Missouri or Yellowstone, and less than one-twelfth the amount at their confluence.

The upper Mississippi at St. Paul has only 5,800 feet per second, or about two-thirds the amount of the upper Missouri and less than the upper Yellowstone; and when its low water discharge is doubled, as proposed, by reservoirs, it will have barely one-half the discharge of the two streams at their confluence. The low water discharge of the upper Mississippi, however, increases by numerous tributaries until at its mouth it is about 22,000 cubic feet, or somewhat greater than that of the Missouri. The salient fact in the utility of the Missouri river is its large and comparatively uniform low water volume for nearly 1,700 miles.

NECESSARY APPROPRIATIONS.

A comprehensive study of our drainage system in its physical aspects is needed, appropriations made on a rational system in accordance therewith. When these improvements are completed—let them cost \$500,000,000 if necessary—the Missouri, stretching for 4,000 miles from the northwest corner of the Gulf of Mexico, will be our most magnificent and valuable natural highway.

Land Notes.

If the settlers want a township subdivided they must petition for it.

Real Estate Bennett went over to Mandan Saturday to negotiate some loans.

Dr. Williams says the lake south of Dawson is a charmer—splendid for yachts and row boats.

Thomas Richards is figuring on a dozen stout souls from old England, coming over with his oldest son in the spring.

The N. P. ran a line into Troy farm from the north. The engineer in charge said that the country traversed was magnificent agricultural land.

All the lettuce in boxes at green house sold except two. Radishes ready for sale next week. Mr. O. H. Will is making wreathes and crosses for the holidays.

Leonard Lucas of Clarke, was in town Saturday, figuring on shipping oats and corn from his Iowa farm to Bismarck, but found the tariff \$170 per car load. He will not ship, although corn is \$1.15 per bushel and oats 72 cents.

C. Weller, of township 145, range 82 w., forty two miles north, on the Stevenson road, took a tree claim the other day and reported his homestead and improvements in part on section one. Weller is the highest up claimant in this district. M. McGillic of Mandan, has taken a homestead south of the town.

The Troy farm was in Saturday. Edwin VanDeusen proved up on his pre-emption and leaves for the east on Monday to put in the holidays. Mr. John VanDeusen bought his homestead under the generous act of July 15, 1880. Dr. John Williamson took a tree claim relinquished by E. W. Markell, of Duluth, and made application to prove up on his pre-emption. January 25, 1882, Edward VanDeusen took a homestead and will live nearer the track and the prospective town of Toppan. Alfred Birchell, Jr., was in the party, being one of Edwin's witness. There is a crack party of young fellows around Troy.

Suppose You Laugh.

If one dog can be placed on a scent, how many dogs can be placed on a trade dollar? When a young man wants to protect a young lady, he naturally puts his arm around her.

"Pay as you go," is good advice, and does very well for the man who doesn't go very much.

No woman should borrow the husband of another, because it is not good for man to be a loan.

It rains alike on the just and unjust—and on the just mainly because the unjust have borrowed their umbrellas.

The girl who was looked in her lover's arms for three long hours, explains that it wasn't her fault. She claims he forgot the combination.

Flashes.

SMALL-POX at Washington.

THERE are 359 white men in Alaska.

The Utah Northern is now completed to Butte.

TOWER CITY is to have a straw board manufactory.

SECRETARY BLAIR, retired from public life yesterday.

THERE were 117 deaths in Minneapolis during December.

THE St. Paul Dispatch calls Washington Guiteau a pawn.

BENJAMIN HARRIS BREWSTER is the name of the new attorney-general.

HENRY W. LONGFELLOW denies having a cancer on his cheek as reported.

GOLD and silver has been found in considerable quantities near Mullen pass.

AN Indianapolis bigamist was only seventeen at first marriage and nineteen at second.

SENATOR VOORHEES' son is struck on Hamlet, and will shortly appear on the stage as a star.

EX-SENATOR EDGERTON is spoken of as a sible nominee for chief justice of Dakota.

THE president yesterday signed a bill granting the franking privilege to Mrs. Garfield for life.

MRS. BRIGHT EYES TIBBLES, the Ponca bride, has been visiting Sitting Bull at Fort Randall.

ABOUT eighty families in the city of Minneapolis are receiving assistance regularly from the city.

It is stated that there is a demand for the coinage of half-cents. Probably for church contributions.

THE Washington game may be said to be fully opened, 1,400 bills having been introduced for a starter.

BILLS have been presented in congress for the admission of Dakota, New Mexico and Washington territories.

It now looks as if the majority of the congressional committees will not be appointed till after the holiday recess.

THE Washington Republican believes that bourbonism has inflicted more damage on the south than yellow fever.

MRS. TOWNSEND introduced a bill in the house Friday, appropriating \$50,000 to the widow of President Garfield.

It is said that John Humphrey Noyes, founder of the Oneida community, is a cousin of Rutherford B. Hayes.

SENATOR SAUNDERS writes that if the people of North Dakota really want that name he will submit to it although he says he never did like North and South Carolina, West Virginia, etc. The people of North Dakota, however, live in the northern part of the land of the Dakotas and in the land of the big wheat fields which have made the name of Dakota famous, and they do not wish to give up their name.

Burdock BLOOD BITTERS

Cures Scrofula, Erysipelas, Pimples and Face Grubs, Blisters, Boils, Tumors, Tetters, Humors, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Sores, Mercurial Diseases, Female Weaknesses and Irregularities, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Jaundice, Affections of the Liver, Indigestion, Biliousness, Dyspepsia and General Debility. Directions in every language. A course of Burdock Blood Bitters will satisfy the most skeptical that it is the Greatest Blood Purifier on earth. PRICE, 50 CENTS. TRIAL SIZE, 10 CENTS. FOSTER, MILBURN & CO., Prop'rs, Buffalo, N. Y.



SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHERS

—In CONVENIENCE,—

DURABILITY, ECONOMY,

—AND—

GENERAL CONSTRUCTION.

BUY THE BEST!

Leading dealers everywhere. 15-26

FLOUR, FEED and PRODUCE.

I wish to inform the people of Burleigh County that I have just opened in the building next to the Tribune a Flour, Feed and Produce Store, and hope to see my friends at my new stand. I shall keep only the best articles at the lowest market price. Remember the place

No. 37 Main Street, two doors west of Postoffice.

FRANK DONNELLY.

BY LOUNSBERRY & JEWELL.

RATES OF ADVERTISING,

TRANSIENT:
\$1.00 per inch first insertion; 50 cents for second and 35 cents for each subsequent insertion.

YEARLY CONTRACT RATES:
For contract rates apply at office, or send for 'Advertising Card of Rates.'

WEEKLY RATES:
Locals 10 cents a line, per day, or 25 cents per line for six successive days without change.
Write-ups in Brevier type, 15 cents per line, measured ten lines to the inch.

IN case of the division of Dakota, of course the Red river country will controul for some years, the political destinies of the new territory, and it is to be hoped that such a man as Judge Barnes, who is just and impartial, as well as able, may

At Atlanta, Ga., yesterday, Wm. H. Howard, assistant registry clerk in the postoffice

The pantomime of Humpty Dumpty
 night at the opera house.

The richest person to-day upon the Sandwich Islands is Claus Spreekees, of Honolulu. A few years ago he was laughed at when he purchased 10,000 acres of land for ten cents on acre, as the tract was at the foot of an extinct volcano, and covered with a crust on the surface like a flagstone walk. He broke up this crust, mixed the dust with a small quantity of vegetable mould, thoroughly irrigated the soil thus formed, and planted sugar cane. To-day he is a millionaire.

MILES CITY.

The Failure Excitement--W. W. Carland for County Treasurer.

MILES CITY, Dec. 14.—The failure still continues to be the chief topic of conversation. Aside from a few graders, who were slight losers, no threats have been made against the welfare of Mr. Nininger. The reason Mr. Savage withdrew the county money, was undoubtedly to save his bondsmen. No one blames him for it—indeed it is set down to his credit. The first Mr. Savage became cognizant of the failure was about 5 p. m., when Leighton & Jordan arrived. He had ample time before 10 a. m. the next day to withdraw the money. The St. Paul creditors are still in town, seemingly looking over the different stores and drumming up business. It is currently reported that the papers are so well drawn up by Col. W. F. Sanders of Helena, the ablest lawyer in the territory, that the experts from St. Paul cannot find a hole to crawl into. Certain it is, that this afternoon the delegation visited various merchants and got their signatures for bonds. If it is true that Mr. Savage has resigned the treasurership of Custer county, W. W. Carland, his efficient deputy, besides being a depositor to the amount of \$500, will lose his position as deputy. No better man could be appointed in Mr. Savage's stead to fill the vacancy, than Mr. Carland. He is a thorough accountant, efficient, while his reliability is unquestioned.

The arrival of vice-president Oakes, of the N. P. R. Co., in a special this morning, somewhat slackened the excitement of the failure. The party only staid a few hours, looking over the town.

A white buffalo skin with the head and legs intact, is one of the curiosities of Chumich's saloon. The animal, a two-year old bull, was killed near Powder river by a man named Geo. Trumble, who reports "buff" very thick in that region. \$100 was the modest sum asked by the owner.

On Sunday the weather became colder, bringing a slight fall of snow. Many were of the opinion that winter had set in, but next morning ushered in a bright May-like morning which still continues.

A pair of "cayuses" ran away on Monday. A man named Kidder tried to catch the runaway, and in doing so had his leg run over and broken.

Marshall Hathaway's many friends were pleased to see him on the streets Tuesday and shake his hands, congratulating him upon his reappearance, and his triumph over the "pilgrims."

Rev. McNiff ably addressed an audience in the court house on Sunday night on the subject of Masoury.

Grading, up the river, goes on with considerable rapidity. The stone work at Guy's Bluff will be finished by January 30.

It is said that Capt. Hathaway, of Keogh, will soon return from the east and take his former position as quartermaster.

MILES CITY, Dec. 18.—Thursday last the coroner and his jury were called upon to investigate the cause of the death of a person known as Thomas Burton. After a short investigation they reported that deceased came to his death from habitual drunkenness. Burton had been a resident of Miles City since its inception. During that period he has given himself up entirely to the influences of strong drink. However, it is needless to recall in detail his recklessness and utter destitution, how people kindly cared for him and the lessons of his miserable existence. It may be of interest to those who have looked upon him with ineffable disgust that at one time he was far from being the loathsome creature they saw daily upon our streets. In 1871-2 Burton was at Fort Sully, on the Missouri. The winter being extremely cold and the snow deep, the paymaster found it difficult to reach the post and was obliged to give up the attempt on two occasions. The facts becoming known at the post, Burton came forward with the required sum and paid each and every soldier, taking, of course, the quartermaster's check for the amount. More than one poor man has felt the munificence of his charity. He purchased teams for struggling farmers in southern Dakota, and loaned money to those who were forced to prove up on their claims. By these charitable deeds and bad, uncollectable debts he was forced to seek new fields to regain his fortune, and like many others who are incapable of withstanding the temptations of the free and easy far west, he found an untimely death, penniless and friendless.

Hon. B. Hubbell and his foreman, Hugh Early, spent six days along the Rosebud last week, to ascertain the feasibility of floating ties down that tortuous shallow stream.

A. H. Bertrand & Co. have moved into their handsome new store building.

One thousand dollars was lost by one man in a game of pool on Wednesday night at Capt. Smith's.

E. H. Murray, of Mandan, a former resident of this city, spent two days of last week renewing old acquaintances.

The new paper, the Chronicle, comes out this week with eight pages and is printed on new type, presses, etc.

Mr. Armstrong, who claims a residence in this section, who was lately interviewed by the St. Paul Pioneer Press, is grossly ignorant of Miles City's business, if he declared that trade is duller than it was at this time last year. We maintain that the business showing of this winter will be vastly greater than that of last, and that if we had had a

few buffalo hides, a showing could have been made of surprising magnitude.

Brunn's bank was moved to a point three miles above Keogh during Saturday night sometime. It has for a long time been at O'Fallon Creek.

Chas. N. Carson, the noted "crank" whose career as editor at Fargo was very short and strikingly unpleasant a few years since, has turned up at Bozeman. He has inveigled the old democrats of that place into starting him in the newspaper business, for which they have subscribed liberally. He will last about as long as his "Picturesque Minnesota Dakota and Montana."

The Catholics held church for the first time in their new chapel Sunday.

Capt. John Smith is making preparations to evacuate a portion of his present quarters to make room for the new bank.

A Card.
To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay loss of manhood, etc., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D., New York city. 23-49

\$1500 per year can be easily made at home working for E. G. Rideout & Co., 10 Barclay street, New York. Send for their catalogue and full particulars. 21-21.

HOSTETTER'S



STOMACH BITTERS

In Hosts of Families
Hostetter's stomach bitters is as much regarded as a household necessity as sugar or coffee. The reason of this is that years of experience have proved it to be perfectly reliable in those cases of emergency where a prompt and convenient remedy is demanded. Constipation, liver complaint, dyspepsia, indigestion and other troubles are overcome by it.
For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally

PILES

ANAKESIS

DR. S. SILSBEE'S EXTERNAL PILE REMEDY
Gives Instant Relief, and is an infallible CURE FOR ALL KINDS OF PILES.
Sold by Druggists everywhere. Price, \$1.00 per box, prepaid, by mail. Samples sent free to Physicians and all sufferers, by Neustadter & Co., Box 3916, New York City. Sole manufacturers of ANAKESIS 50y1

GET THE BEST!



LEAD ALL OTHERS!

Every Style & Price.

Guaranteed Unequaled

FOR OPERATION,

ECONOMY,

DURABILITY, and

WORKMANSHIP.

Improvements and Conveniences found in no others.

Always Reliable.

POPULAR EVERYWHERE.

For Sale in Every City and Town in the United States.

For sale by O. H. Beal, Bismarck, D. T.

Summons.

TERRITORY OF DAKOTA. In district court, county of Burleigh, ss. In Third Judicial district.
J. W. Raymond, plaintiff, vs. Edward Curran, defendant. Summons.
The territory of Dakota sends greeting: To Edward Curran, defendant, you are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in this action, a copy of which will be filed in the office of the clerk of the district court of said county, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned, at least five days in the city of Bismarck, in said county, within thirty days from the date of the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service.

If you fail to answer the complaint within that time the plaintiff will take judgment against you for the sum of one hundred and forty-eight dollars and seventy-five cents (\$148.75), besides the costs and disbursements of this action.

Dated at Bismarck, D. T., this 9th day of July, 1881.
PLANNERY & WETHEBY
Attorneys for Plaintiff.

The complaint in the above action was duly filed in my office on the 11th day of July, 1881.

E. N. COFFEY,
Clerk District Court.

23-31

Territory of Dakota. In district court, Burleigh county, ss. In Third Judicial, district court.

Lacy A. Plum, plaintiff, vs. George Plum, defendant. Summons.

The Territory of Dakota sends greeting: To George Plum, defendant, you are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in this action which is filed in the office of the clerk of the district court for said Burleigh county and serve a copy of your answer upon the subscriber at his office in the city of Bismarck in said county within thirty days from the date of the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service.

If you fail to answer the complaint within that time the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint, besides the costs and disbursements of this action.

Dated at Bismarck, D. T., this 24th day of September, A. D., 1881.

JOHN A. STOVELL,
Plaintiff's Attorney,
Bismarck, D. T.

25-32

Notice of Take Deposition.

TERRITORY OF DAKOTA. County of Burleigh, ss.—In District Court, Third Judicial District: L. C. Black, plaintiff, vs. Isaac Thompson, defendant.

To Isaac Thompson, above named defendant: You will please take notice that the deposition of L. C. Black and others, witnesses for the plaintiff in the above entitled action, will be taken by J. R. Foraker, Esq., notary public, duly authorized by the laws of Ohio to administer oaths therein, at his office in the city of Cincinnati, southeast corner of Fifth and Walnut streets, in the county of Hamilton, and state of Ohio, on the 3rd day of December, 1881; at two o'clock of the afternoon of that day, and to adjourn from day to day if necessary; said deposition to be used upon the trial of said action in said court.

Dated, Bismarck, D. T., the 24th day of November, 1881.

PLANNERY & WETHEBY
Attorney for Plaintiff.

Notice of Final Proof.

U. S. LAND OFFICE at Bismarck, November 26, 1881.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and secure final entry thereof, on Tuesday, the 10th day of January, 1882, at 10 o'clock a. m. viz:

Pre-emption D. S. No. 313, filed June 16, 1880, alleging settlement June 12, 1880, for the n. w. quarter section 30, tp. 139 r. 78, to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, and names the following as his witnesses, viz: James A. McDonald, George H. Daniel, L. Faulkner and Alex. McCaskill, all of Burleigh county, D. T. Postoffice address, Bismarck, D. T.

JOHN A. REA, Register.

Notice of Final Proof.

LAND OFFICE at Bismarck, D. T., November 16, 1881.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and secure final entry thereof, at this office, on the seventh day of December, 1881, at nine o'clock a. m. viz:

EDWIN VAN DEUSEN.
D. S. Number 421 filed June 16, 1881, and alleging settlement the same day for the south east quarter of section 24, township 140 north range 71 west, and names the following as his witnesses, to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation upon said tract, viz: H. B. Niley, Alfred Birchett, John Van Deusen and John Williamson, all of Kidder county, D. T.

JOHN A. REA, Register.

39th

Popular Monthly D

COMMONWEALTH DISTRIBUTION CO.

In the City of Louisville, on

Saturday, December 31st.

These drawings occur monthly (Sundays excepted) under provisions of an Act of the General Assembly of Kentucky.

The United States Circuit Court on March 31st entered the following decisions:

1st—That the Commonwealth Distribution Company is legal.

2d—Its drawings are not fraudulent.

The Company has now on hand a large reserve fund. Read the list of prizes for the

DECEMBER DRAWING.

1 Prize..... \$50,000 100 Prizes \$100 ea \$10,000

1 Prize..... 10,000 200 Prizes 50 ea 10,000

1 Prize..... 5,000 600 Prizes 25 ea 15,000

10 Prizes \$1,000 ea 10,000 1,000 Prizes 10 ea 10,000

20 Prizes 500 ea 10,000

9 Prizes \$300 ea, Approximation Prizes, \$2,700

9 Prizes 200 ea, " " 1,800

9 Prizes 100 ea, " " 900

1,960 Prizes, " " \$112,400

Whole Tickets, \$2. Half Tickets, \$1.

27 Tickets, \$50 56 Tickets, \$100.

Remit Money or Bank Draft in Letter, or send by Express, DON'T SEND BY REGISTERED LETTER OR POSTOFFICE ORDER. Orders of \$5 and upwards, by Express, can be sent at our expense. Address all orders to R. M. Boardman, Courier Journal Building, Louisville, Ky., or R. M. Boardman, 309 Broadway, New York.

FIRE AND MARINE

INSURANCE.

Connecticut..... \$ 1,483,000

Liverpool, London and Globe.. 29,000,000

Traders..... 889,000

La Confiance..... 5,660,000

Hamburg - Magdeburg..... 883,000

Hamburg-Bremen..... 1,234,000

German-American..... 2,619,000

491.

F. J. CALL, Agent.

\$25 TO \$50 PER DAY!

can easily be made by using the celebrated

Victor Well Auger and

Rock Boring machinery.

in any part of the country.

We mean it, and are prepared to demonstrate the fact. They are operated by either man, horse or steam power, and bore very rapid. They range in size from three inch to four and one-half feet in diameter, and will bore to any required depth. They will bore successfully and satisfactorily in all kinds of earth, soft sand and limestone, bituminous stone coal, slate, hard pan gravel, lava, builders' serpentine and conglomerate rock, and guaranteed to make the very best of wells in quick sand. They are light running, simple in construction, easily operated, durable, and acknowledged as the best and most practical machine extant. They are endorsed by some of the highest state officials. We contract for prospecting for coal, gold, silver, coal oil and all kinds of minerals; also for sinking artesian wells and coal shafts. We also furnish engines, boilers, wind mills, hydraulic rams, horse powers, brick machines, mining tools, portable forges, rock drills and machinery of all kinds.

Good active agents wanted in every country in the world. Address

Western Machinery Supply Depot,

511 Walnut street, St. Louis, U. S. A.

State in what paper you saw this. 13-1y.

DR. FRAZIER'S ROOT BITTERS.

Frazier's Root Bitters are not a dram-shop whisky beverage, but are strictly medicinal in every sense. They are strongly upon the liver and kidneys, keep the bowels open and regular, make the weak strong, heal the lungs, build up the nerves and cleanse the blood and system of every impurity.

For Dizziness, Rush of Blood in the Head, tending to Apoplexy, Dyspepsia, Fever, and Ague, Dropsy, Pimples and Blisters, Scrofulous Humors and Sores, Tetter, Ring Worm, White Swelling, Erysipelas, Sore Eyes and for young men suffering from Weakness or Debility caused from imprudence, and to females in delicate health. Frazier's Root Bitters are especially recommended.

Dr. Frazier: I have used two bottles of your Root Bitters for Dyspepsia, Dizziness, Weakness and Kidney Disease, and they did me more good than the doctors and all the medicine I ever used. From the first dose I took I began to mend, and I am now in perfect health, and feel as well as I ever did. I consider your medicine as one of the greatest of blessings.

Mrs. MARTIN, Cleveland, O.
Sold by all druggists and everywhere at \$1 per bottle.
HENRY & CO., Sole Prop's,
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The People of

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and of the whole Northwest, who contemplate leaving Chicago and the East, and who desire to travel over the BEST ROUTE, should purchase tickets over the

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This route, through Elroy and Madison, Wisconsin, forms the only through line from

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That runs passenger trains through without change with Pullman Palace Sleepers on all express trains. Also remember that the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha R'y is the

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With Sleeping Cars through without change to Sioux City, Council Bluffs, St. Joseph and Kansas City. Tickets over all lines of the C. St. P. M. & O. R'y can be secured from any ticket agent in the Northwest, and at the Company's offices in St. Paul and Minneapolis.

When going to Chicago and the East, ask for tickets through Elroy and Madison, and when going to Yankton, Omaha, Kansas City and the Southwest, ask for tickets through Sioux City, and you will have the satisfaction of riding over one of the best roads in the United States, and that road is the

C. ST. P. M. & O.

F. B. CLARKE, T. W. TEASDALE, Gen'l Ag't,
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PRICES \$20. NO RISK.

THIS IS A SINGULAR BARGAIN. The best ever made—easy, fast, true, easy, very handsome, quiet, durable, simple, convenient, and powerful. For one year. Pay if it please, 4,000,000 of this model machine have been sold. Ask for circulars and testimonials. Low prices to clubs. No risk to try it. The sample do every year, and thank at \$10 to \$20 saved in buying direct. Cut this out and send it to a Sewing Machine Co. at 119 N. Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

24-36.

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ANNUAL

FOR 1882

Will send gratis to all applicants, and to customers without ordering it. It contains five colored plates, 600 engravings, about 200 pages, and full descriptions, prices and directions for planting 1000 varieties of Vegetables and Flower Seeds, Fruit Trees, etc. Available to all. Michigan grown seeds will be found more reliable for planting in the Northwest than those grown farther East. We make a specialty of supplying Market Gardeners. Address

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THE GREATEST SKIN REMEDY.

Carbolisalve

is the best external remedy known. It immediately relieves the pain of burns and scalds, and will cure the worst case without leaving a scar.

IT POSITIVELY CURES

piles, fever sores, indolent ulcers, scald head, tetter, boils, sore breasts, swollen glands, inflamed sore eyes, cuts, flesh wounds, chaps, chafes, chilblains, poison, scorpions, etc., and all irritations of the skin and scalp.

Caution—Get Cole's Carbolisalve. Do not be deceived by inferior preparations. The label on the genuine is black and the letters green. Small boxes 25 cents. Large boxes 75 cents. Prepared only by J. W. Cole & Co., Black River Falls, Wis.

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3-29

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Practical Boot Maker,

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Perfect fits Guaranteed. Only the Best Material used. Custom Work a Specialty. Repairing Neatly Done.

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DO

Send for our New Illustrated Price-List No. 30, for Fall and Winter of 1881. Free to any address. Contains full description of all kinds of goods for personal and family use. We deal directly with the consumer, and sell all goods in any quantity at wholesale prices. You can buy better and cheaper than at home.

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16-48

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Livery & Feed Stable,

Cor. Fifth and Main Sts.

Buggies and Saddle-Horses for hire by the day or at reasonable rates.

My Buggies and Harness are new, and of the best manufacture and style, and my stock good. Parties wishing teams for any given point can be accommodated at fair rates.

The Bismarck Tribune.

Local Items.

"Multiplication, division and silence."

Pools are selling two to one in favor of Froster.

Any man, these times, with a slight inspiration, is termed a crank.

The churches Sunday were better patronized than for weeks previous.

Miss Rose Ames is preparing to build a residence on the Williams addition.

As far as learned there were no casualties attached to yesterday's fire.

It is said that Ben Jewell is "mashed as soft as mush" on a St. Louis opera girl.

Mr. O'Brien has received from Mrs. Walker money to pay funeral expenses of her late husband Wm. Walker.

Mr. Robidson is in need of a handy old man to manage his old mule which he is about to put to work on the streets.

Twenty men are now at work on the temporary roundhouse. Next season a building will be put up that will be a credit to the city.

Thos. Gotham, the popular engineer of the Bismarck North Pacific transfer, is hard at work putting the machinery of that craft in good order.

Louis Notemeyer returned from Pierre yesterday in company with the Smith boys. He had the misfortune to have his leg broken by the kick of a mule.

Grain is retailing at Miles City at 2 1/4 cents per pound. Not excessive prices surely for a country where the farming lands are almost wholly undeveloped.

Parties arriving from Miles City last evening state that the Yellowstone at that point is running nearly clear of ice. The weather is warm and delightful.

Capt. Alf McLean and John Shacket were upon Boulder Heights, yesterday, selecting a choice location to be buried, as they have always wished to die in a sunny land. They have just found it.

Faunce, Upp & Co., house, carriage and sign painters are taking broad strides to the front rank of those in their line. They are reliable and industrious young men and deserve a share of the patronage of the city.

The thermometer went up yesterday to 74 degrees. The streets are very dusty and the suggestion is again offered to the citizens that Bismarck needs a street sprinkler. The race course to-day will be sprinkled by water carts.

Tuesday evening passenger arrived an hour and a half ahead of time, owing to the anxiety of a couple of passengers to reach Bismarck. Those two passengers were Superintendent Hobart and Master Mechanic Rupert, of Fargo.

A girl in Nebraska has a head of hair sixty-eight inches long for which she was offered five hundred dollars. That's nowhere, there is a Bismarck girl who only has a two inch bang that she wouldn't sell for a thousand and go it bald.

The new North Pacific ice house is finished and will be filled as soon as the ice in the river is of satisfactory thickness. If the present weather continues there will be little prospect of its getting any thicker, it now being about twelve inches.

"To Florida" seems to be all the rage. McKenzie and Griffin are now talking about orange groves, pineapple, etc. As long as the present pleasant weather continues, however, they will content themselves by looking at pictures of alligators, dismal swamps, etc.

The Tribune's Miles City correspondent sends the cheerful news of the marriage of Mr. John G. McLean, the well known contractor, to Miss Belle Comeford, well known in Bismarck society circles. Their numerous friends in Bismarck send their hearty congratulations.

There were no delays in the movement of trains Tuesday morning notwithstanding the disastrous fire. The engine of a freight train, which arrived about eight o'clock was used for the east-bound passenger train and the regular Mandan engine "got away" with the regular baggage.

On last Tuesday's train were forty-six recruits for Fort Yates and Buford, Lieut. John B. Jackson, seventh infantry, was in charge, who turned over twenty men for Yates to Lieut. Corwin Sage. He proceeded to Glendive with the balance, where he will turn them over to Lieut. Robinson for Buford.

The Episcopal congregation is making active preparations for Christmas, in the way of music, evergreen trimmings, etc. The musical programme, to consist of a number of choice selections, will be announced tomorrow. It is said that the trimmings, in beauty and taste, will equal if not surpass any ever seen here before.

Several ladies have determined to receive on Monday, January second, the first coming on Sunday, and in order that there may be no misunderstanding, and that the day may be as enjoyable as possible those who intend to receive are requested to hand in their names for publication as early as Friday before New Year's.

Many Bismarck land owners who have become imbued with the more profitable idea of small farming will this year lease plots of

ground ranging from ten to twenty acres and in some locations perhaps a hundred acres may be secured. Persons wishing to be accommodated can inquire of J. A. Emmmons for excellent farming lands.

L. B. Lawrence, a successful stock dealer of New Sharon, Mahaska county, Iowa, left on the train yesterday morning. He is a live man of great experience and plenty of the needful. His thorough examination of the peculiarities and advantages of Bismarck with the enjoyment of its delightful winter climate has resulted in a determination on his part to make this his future home. He will return at once to Iowa to arrange his business there and in February return with many others to swell the flood of Bismarck's boom.

Louis Connolly was in from Knife river yesterday. He reports his stock, both cattle and horses, rolling fat from feeding on the open prairies without hay, grain or shelter. Indeed the stock has not been near the range for three months and are doing as well as in September. There has been no snow yet. Mr. Connolly has one hundred and thirty head of cattle and sixteen horses and finds the country well adapted to stock growing. Mr. A. B. Strickler, of Knife river, was also in with Mr. Connolly. There is quite a settlement going into that region.

This is the first winter in Bismarck's history that Jimmy Emmmons has owned an overcoat and that Major Woods has had a good supply of fuel to begin the season with. Dennis Hannafin has given away his overcoat, and clothing stores are again displaying their summer goods. John Stoyell comes out with his lemons and lemons and ladies having fur cloaks have to continually fan themselves to keep cool.

Carson, the crank who is about starting a paper at Bozeman, sold the influence of his Fargo paper to Stoyell for fifty dollars in the campaign of 1878. Stoyell repudiated, and the matter weighed so heavily on Carson's mind that it drove him crazy and broke him up in business.

Speaking of cranks, an eccentric individual in purchasing "Gems from the Poets," yesterday, said he liked poetry because the authors were all cranks. "In fact," he said, "to be a h—l of a smart man, a man must be a crank."

Remarks about the weather are hardly in order yet. When one sees people on the streets with linen dusters, there is just cause for praising North Dakota climate.

As Barnum offers \$10,000 for next season's services of the handsomest man in America, Bismarck will shortly lose its talented townsman Mr. Emmmons.

Because of extensive railroad contracts the Sheridan house is offered for sale by Mr. Bly, who pockets \$10,000 profits from it this season.

Last evenings express brought a large case of holiday goods for Whalen, and a large amount of poultry for the city markets.

If Capt. John Barr was here he would rejoice and sing songs of praise to the beavers for the fine weather.

It is very easy to find something to get mad about if one only hunts for the opportunity.

Hackett's Mouse river expedition is having fine weather to view that paradise land.

If you are greatly bored be comforted with the thought that you are holy.

Have you seen the new drop curtain at the opera house?

Fargoites are complaining of a stringent money market.

Yesterday was the shortest day of the season.

On Mouse River.

A letter was received last evening from Mr. Hackett, dated, "Mouth of Wintung river, on Mouse river, December 15," which states substantially: "Our party arrived at Mouse river last Tuesday. We came due north from the head of Turtle Creek, and struck Mouse river about twenty miles west of here. We have been traveling down the river for the past few days taking observations. To-day we met a party of white men with a load of fish bound for Fort Stevenson. The country more than meets my expectations; it is indeed, wonderful. The river is skirted with heavy timber—oak, ash, elm and birch. The bottoms are covered with grass that teams can hardly get through. The bottom at this point is about four miles wide and mostly covered with heavy timber. The first half breed cabin in this bottom has not been occupied for years. The prairie land is fine with an excellent growth of buffalo grass. It is as fine a country as I ever saw. This is the stock country of the world; I bar no place. The bottom will cut from four to five tons of hay to the acre. All the stock in Montana and Dakota could winter in this portion of Mouse river alone. We leave tomorrow for a point six miles below here, where I think is an excellent location for a town. The river is a beautiful stream; and no doubt is navigable for small crafts to the Assinaboine. The fishing beats anything I ever heard of. We cut a hole through the ice this afternoon and caught one hundred pounds of fish in about an hour. We had simply to drop our hook and out would come the finest pickerel ranging in weight from three to ten pounds. Yesterday we had a red squirrel pie; the woods are full of them. By actual measurement the

fish in the river is ten inches thick. The stream is fed by numerous springs on either side. We will start back in about three weeks, and will bring a wagon load of fish. The weather is delightful, and all the settlers and trappers assert that the winters are usually mild. The country needs to be seen to be appreciated, but what I am telling you are the facts."

The Fire.

In less than half an hour Wednesday morning over \$50,000 worth of North Pacific property was destroyed. Although five men were at work on the engines in the round house, at the time of the fire's discovery not a thing could be saved. The fire in some way communicated to a quantity of coal oil and the huge mountain of flame and smoke that immediately broke forth, made it difficult for the employees to escape with their lives. Just how the fire originated is not known. It may have been from a lamp or from an overheated stove. The men were at work wiping the engines and were all underneath them at the time. The switch engine which was standing on the track near Third street at the time the fire was discovered, rushed to the scene with the hopes of being able to pull some of the engines out of the burning building, but the intensity of the heat prevented anyone from getting within a hundred feet of the building. The loss of the company is about \$45,000 on engines and \$8,000 on buildings, tools, machinery, etc. There were two new standard engines, one passenger engine and two freight engines, just from the repair shops, in the building. The original cost of the engines was about \$9,000 each and there is little left of them that can be used but the boilers. Everything was insured so that the direct loss to the company will be but little. The greatest loss is the inconvenience of having to draw on other divisions for engines when the supply is short all along the line. If no difficulty from snow is met with, the loss in this direction will also be insignificant. Superintendent Hobart and Master mechanic Rupert arrived last evening from Fargo to view the ruins. Mr. Hobart states that the loss is a severe one just at this season but he has already ordered the material for a temporary six stall house which will be supplanted in the spring by a more substantial fire-proof building.

On to the Pacific.

Mr. P. B. Winston, superintendent of track laying, came in from the end of the track Tuesday evening, en route to Minneapolis to spend the holidays. He reports fine weather on the Yellowstone, and the rapid progress of track-laying. The road has reached a point ten miles beyond Miles City, and is traveling westward at the rate of a mile a day. It will be completed seventeen miles beyond Miles City in a few days, and if the pleasant weather continues, likewise a supply of bridge timber, the road will reach Forsyth, the end of a freight division, some time in January. There is now a great sufficiency of steel rails and ties, but the bridge timber is running low. The reason of this is that but few mills east run in the winter time. Orders are in for three or four million feet, but the greater portion cannot be supplied till spring. The permanent bridge structure across Powder river is finished and the Tongue river structure is now being placed in position. Such a boom in railroad as the North Pacific has experienced during the past three months was never known before.

Lost His Ears.

Monday a couple of bridge men engaged in a hand to hand fight, in which one of the contestants, a man named Mahoney, was severely worsted. He received a bone cut from above his left eye down across his cheek, completely severing his left ear; another bone cut over the right eye down across his right cheek and cutting off almost entirely his right ear; another bone cut four inches long from the top of his head down the back of his neck; two other bone cuts, one on each side of the neck, and three or four slight stabs in the breast. The facial artery was severed, and the victim nearly bled to death before the arrival of Dr. Porter, who dressed the wounds. Mr. Mahoney refuses to reveal the name of his contestant, as he wants to do likewise unto him as soon as he is able to wield a "toothpick."

The Staff of the Seventh Cavalry.

The order announcing the changes in the regimental staff of the Seventh cavalry has been issued, and in accepting the resignation of Lieut. E. A. Garlington, the regimental commander commends that officer for the zeal and ability with which he has filled the position of adjutant since his appointment in June, 1877, and expresses his gratification that it is in his power to place him in a position of trust as commanding officer of Troop L, Seventh cavalry, to which he is assigned. Lieut. J. W. Wilkinson, who succeeds Lieut. Garlington as adjutant, has been in command of Troop L for many years. The reason given for relieving Second Lieut. W. H. Baldwin, Seventh cavalry, as regimental quartermaster, is the fact of his being second lieutenant and preventing promotion in the regiment

by occupying a position to which a first lieutenant is usually assigned. The appointment of First Lieut. Luther R. Hare, Seventh cavalry, as his successor, is subject to the approval of the secretary of war.

Worth Remembering.

The color line is used by politicians as a tow warp into office.

The cream of society should be well dashed in the churn of culture.

Virtue is the solid quartz from which the fine gold of character is stamped.

If all persons when in company would be pleasant, many pangs would be averted.

The blooms of health are the gems from which are reproduced the flowers of wealth.

Golden words fitly spoken, fill many hearts with hope that would otherwise be broken.

A dress party creates earthly happiness. Dressy members of a church are abominable.

When a preacher calls on the members of his flock accompanied by his wife, the devil is aly, and flees from that neighborhood.

Star Routes.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 21.—The following correspondence has been furnished for publication: WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 18, 1891.

To Hon. Geo. Bliss, counsel in star route mail case:

Sir:—From an examination of the records in this department I have been convinced that money has been paid out of the funds of the government to certain persons under circumstances which bring such payments within section 4057, revised statutes, in a number of instances. The evidence which seems to me to be sufficient to maintain a suit by the United States to recover such moneys is on file in this department; copies of much of it are already in your hands. In compliance with law I hereby request that unless you shall differ from me as to the weight of this evidence that you will cause suit to be instituted in the name of the United States for the recovery of such moneys, illegally paid, from parties who recind the same.

Very respectfully,
THOMAS L. JAMES,
Postmaster General.

He Got Away.

PITTSBURG, Dec. 23.—Jas. W. Miller, the prisoner who escaped from the penitentiary yesterday by secreting himself in a shoe box, is still at liberty. Two ex-convicts, named Chas. A. Street, alias Aim, and W. Robinson, have been arrested for aiding and abetting him in his escape. On their person were found papers and diagrams of various places throughout western Pennsylvania which they intended to rob. It is thought these men are members of the gang who have been operating so successfully in Pennsylvania and eastern Ohio for the past few months.

Nothing Later.

BURLINGTON, Iowa, Dec. 23.—Up to this hour Mrs. De Long has no advices different from those already given the public regarding the Jeannette. It is believed it will be some time before the De Long party can be heard from after the relief party reaches him.

Miles City.

MILES CITY, Dec. 23.—Various reports are afloat about buffalo. Some say they are coming in, others that they are not. The hide buyers are constantly traveling about the country, but are making very light purchases.

The commissioners raised Treasurer Savage's bond from \$10,000 to \$35,000. He easily procured the requisite amount and still retains the office.

Joe Landre's erecting a large hotel near the depot.

Building still goes on with marvelous rapidity. Among the large buildings recently erected is the Catholic church, A. H. Bertrand's building and the depot. The warm weather permits of plastering. Many are, therefore, taking the advantage of the cheapness of lime, and enhancing their property.

The pay car arrived on Tuesday, gladdening the hearts of the railroad boys.

Geo. Kirns, a young married man residing with his brother near town, died with an em-horrhage of the lungs, on Monday night last.

Mr. Hoffmann, of this city, left on Monday for Conlson. Here he intends starting a large brewery.

The Cheyenne Indians, who have their camp near the present terminus of the railroad, are treated to free rides on the cars. They hugely enjoy themselves, invariably choosing the top of a box car.

Regarding the old worn out topic, the bank failure there is nothing strikingly new. The heavy creditors have stuprly replenished their goods, the local depositors are awaiting developments which give the same appearance to those who are not deeply interested to matters as they stood on the first day of the failure.

Mr. Gould, the new receiver, has arrived and the land office opened.

Must Close Them Out.

Mr. W. A. Hollenbak has a large stock of wax and china dolls, which he is closing out at ruinous prices. They must be sold within the next few days, therefore he offers them at greatly reduced rates.

CHRISTMAS GIFTS.

Do Not Disregard the Time-Honored Custom of Making Suitable Holiday Presents.

But Go Straightway to the Place Where you Can Get the Best in the City.

At Day's.

The crowds of ladies at the jewelry establishment of H. H. Day's during the past few days is easily explained. Mr. Day having anticipated the desire for first-class goods, received this year the finest assortment of holiday specialties ever seen in the city. Cheap trash for presents is not good taste. It is better to make one good present than a dozen valueless ones. Mr. Day has a fine assortment of fine silverware and French bronze statuary, fine Swiss and American ladies' gold watches at very low figures. Elegant assortment of gold rings, charms and precious stones. Diamond pins and gents' studs, ranging from \$25 to \$200. Ladies' bracelets, ear drops and pins. To-day there will be a grand display at this establishment, a large invoice of the latest designs having been received by last evening's train. Do not miss this exhibit, as it will be the event of the day. Those wanting first-class presents cannot do better than visit this enterprising establishment.

Happiness for the Ladies.

There is nothing that cements friendship and contributes to the happiness of one's friends more than holiday presents judiciously selected, not some flashy toy, but something that can be laid away and pointed to in after years as a present my friend so and so gave me. An album, a jewel case, a book or something that will endure and afford pleasure every time it is looked upon. Such a line of goods may be found at the Post-office book store and the prices are not in excess of those charged in St. Paul or other eastern cities.

Where to Go.

If you want suitable holiday presents it will pay you to examine the stock at Hollenbak's. He always keeps the best assortment in the city.

Christmas Goods.

Messrs. Gilbert & Miller have just opened their photograph gallery and news stand in the building formerly occupied by they Boston Clothing House. They keep a full line of albums, picture frames, cabinet and panel frames, velvet passepartouts, etc., and all standard publications. Call in and see them. 8-13

For the Little Ones.

If you want a present for your little girl go to Hollenbak's, and get one of those splendid wax dolls.

Mandan.

See Mr. Dow's card in this issue.

What has become of our band?

Sam Lee denies that his partner was "rolled."

It is rumored that M. Keating will regain possession of the Mandan House to-day.

Mr. Carpenter, in his great act of "Tim Stryker," is going to create great excitement.

Walter Draper, Mandan's captivating masher, will eat his Christmas turkey in St. Paul.

Frank Roby got his work in at the ladies fair, but it cost him fifty long dollar bills to do it.

The opera house is being greatly improved by Manager Reby. He wants a company there regularly.

The Jamestown Alert says that the Mandan Criterion will change hands about the 1st of January.

Some of the boys who bucked the tiger last night at the fair and went broke, and as usual the washerwoman has to stand it.

"Snowed In" will be presented at the opera house Tuesday evening, January 3. The cast is a strong one, and Mandan is on tip-toe of expectation.

The dance last evening was one of the most pleasant events of the season. The elite of Mandan were well represented, and it was a financial success.

Notice of Final Proof.

LAND OFFICE at Bismarck, D. T., December 17, 1891.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and secure final entry thereof at this office at 9 a.m., on the 25th day of January, 1892, viz:

JOHN WILLIAMSON.

d. s., number 429, filed July 8th, 1881, alleging settlement on the same day for the south half of section 14, T. 12 of S. W. 4, sec. 80, tp. 133, n. w. quarter. W. 1/2 of S. W. 4, sec. 80, tp. 133, n. w. quarter. He claims the following as his witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and the cultivation of said tract, viz: John VanDusen, Richard Bosfield, Alfred Birchett, Jr., and J. D. Thompson, all of Kidder county; postoffice address, Jamestown.

JOHN A. EEA, Register.